AGENDA ITEM:

CITY OF TULARE AGENDA ITEM TRANSMITTAL SHEET

Submitting Department: Community & Economic Development Department

For Council Meeting of: June 20, 2017

Documents Attached: ■ Ordinance ■ Resolution □ Staff Report ■ Other □ None

AGENDA ITEM:

Public hearing to adopt Resolution 17-25 approving a Negative Declaration for General Plan Amendment 2017-01 and Resolution 17-26 to approve General Plan Amendment 2017-01 to amend the General Plan to change land use from Community Commercial to Low Density Residential (3.1-7 units/acre); and pass to print Ordinance 17-06 approving Zone Amendment 719 to change zoning from C-2 (office commercial) to R-1-12.5 (single family residential, 12,500 sq. ft. lot area minimum) on approximately 0.29 acres (12,743 sf) on the property located at the northwest corner of Merritt Avenue and Gem Street (APN 170-060-043). Applicant: Jonathan Van Ryn.

BACKGROUND/EXPLANATION:

Jonathan Van Ryn is the owner of the subject property located at 1028 North Manor Drive (northwest corner of North Gem Street and Merritt Avenue). The property was zoned C-2 when the Encino Park Subdivision was developed back in the 1970s, however was combined and developed along with the SFR house as an estate-sized use.

The subject property is currently developed as the backyard of the residence located at 1028 North Manor Drive. Applicant intends to develop an accessory dwelling unit (pool house with garage) on a 12,693 square foot portion of the subject property. (APN 170-060-043). This 12,693 sf portion is currently zoned C-2 (Office Commercial).

In order to simplify the building process, applicant is processing a lot merger and subsequent General Plan and Zoning Amendments in an effort to have consistent General Plan and Zoning designations on his property.

The single-family residential development requires the following entitlements to allow for this type of development. The following describes the applications and description of each entitlement:

General Plan Amendment: The proposed project requires a General Plan Amendment to change the current Community Commercial to Low Density Residential.

Zone Amendment: The proposed project requires a Zone Amendment to change the current C-2 (Office Commercial) to R-1-12.5 (SFR, 12,500 sf lot minimum).

The City of Tulare General Plan (2035) density standard for Low Density Residential ranges from 3.1 to 7.0 dwelling units per acre. The proposed project will have a density of 3.3 dwelling units per acre which is within the required density for Low Density Residential land use designation. The City of Tulare Zoning Ordinance for Single Family Residential R-1-12.5 requires, and the project exceeds, a minimum lot size of 12,500 square feet.

No comments have been received from any neighboring property owners during the public comment period.

ENVIRONMENTAL:

On April 4, 2017, the Environmental Impact Review Committee determined from the initial study completed by Planning Staff and the Environmental Information Form submitted by the applicant, that the project will not have a significant effect on the environment. A Negative Declaration was prepared and available for public review and pursuant to provisions of the Public Resources Code, State of California, Section 21000 to 21176, California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

No comments were received on the Mitigated Negative Declaration during the public review period.

On May 22, 2017 City Planning Commission voted 7-0 to recommend to City Council approval of General Plan Amendment No. 2017-01 and Zone Amendment 719.

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

- 1. Adopt Resolution 17-25 approving a mitigated negative declaration for General Plan Amendment 2017-01 and Zone Amendment No. 719.
- 2. Adopt Resolution 17-26 approving General Plan Amendment 2017-01 providing for a change to land use from Community Commercial to Low Density Residential (3.1-7 units/acre).
- 3. Pass to print Ordinance 17-06 approving Zone Amendment 719 to change zoning from C-2 (office commercial) to R-1-12.5 (single family residential, 12,500 sq. ft. lot area minimum) on approximately 0.29 acres (12,743 sf) on the property located at the northwest corner of Merritt Avenue and Gem Street (APN 170-060-043).

CITY ATTORNEY REVIEW/COMMENTS: Yes 🛛 N/A

IS ADDITIONAL (NON-BUDGETED) FUNDING REQUIRED: ☐ Yes ■ No □ N/A

FUNDING SOURCE/ACCOUNT NUMBER:

Submitted by: Traci Myers	Title:	Community & Economic Development Deputy Director

 Date:
 June 13, 2017
 City Manager Approval:

CITY OF TULARE PARCEL MAP COMMITTEE STAFF REPORT

Agenda Item No.

May 22, 2017

LOT MERGER 2017-02

PROJECT PLANNER:	Aaron Carpenter, Assistant Contract Planner
APPLICANT:	Jonathan Van Ryn
AGENT:	Forester, Weber & Associates, LLC
LOCATION:	1028 N Manor Drive
APNs:	170-060-042 & -043
GENERAL PLAN DESIGNATION:	Low Density Residential
ZONING CLASSIFICATION:	R-1-12.5

REQUEST:

Applicant proposes to create one (1) parcel from two (2) existing parcels of record, in order to allow for the rehab of an existing single family residential unit to conform to current City Municipal Code standards. These parcels are currently within a single-family residential zoning district (R-1-12.5) and will create one (1) new parcel totaling approximately 25,568 square feet.

STAFF COMMENTS:

The Lot Merger will remove a lot line to accommodate an addition of a single-family residential unit (Accessory Dwelling Unit). Lot 23 currently contains the existing residential house, and Lot 24 is currently vacant.

Before Lot Merger:

Lot 23:	APN 170-060-042	12,875 sq. ft.
Lot 24:	APN 170-060-043	12,693 sq. ft.

After Lot Merger:

"Parcel 1": 25,568 sq. ft.

There is no maximum lot area under R-1-12.5 (Single-Family Residential). Additionally, the new combined parcel with the proposed addition to the residential building would not exceed the 50% lot coverage maximum.

ENVIRONMENTAL FINDINGS:

This project is exempt pursuant to Section 15315 – Minor Land Divisions, of the California Environmental Quality Act of 1970, as amended.

FINDINGS:

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission make the following findings with regards to Lot Merger 2017-02:

- 1) That this request is in conformance with the goals and objectives of the General Plan.
- 2) That this request is in conformance with the goals and objectives of the Zoning Ordinance prescribed in Section 10.04.020 of the Tulare City code.
- 3) This project is exempt pursuant to Section 15315 Minor Land Divisions, of the California Environmental Quality Act of 1970, as amended.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

Approve Lot Merger 2017-02 subject to the following conditions:

1) Applicant to record a certified copy of the resolution with new deeds as approved by the Parcel Map Committee and the City Engineer.

Attachments:

I. Lot Line Adjustment Map





SITE SIZE: 12,693 SF

APN: 170-060-043

GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT FROM: COMMUNITY COMMERCIAL TO: LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL

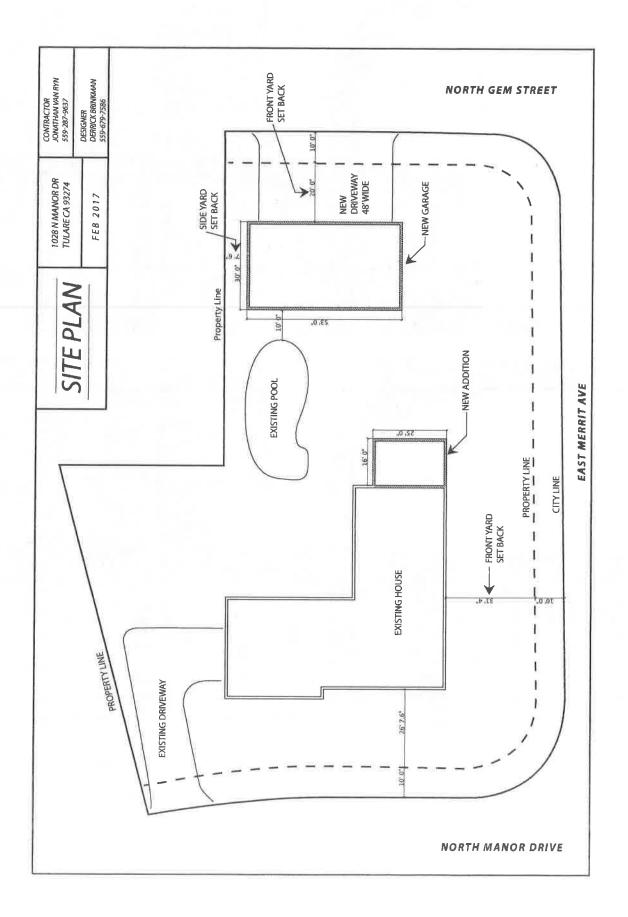
ZONE AMENDMENT FROM: C-2 OFFICE COMMERCIAL TO: R-1-12.5

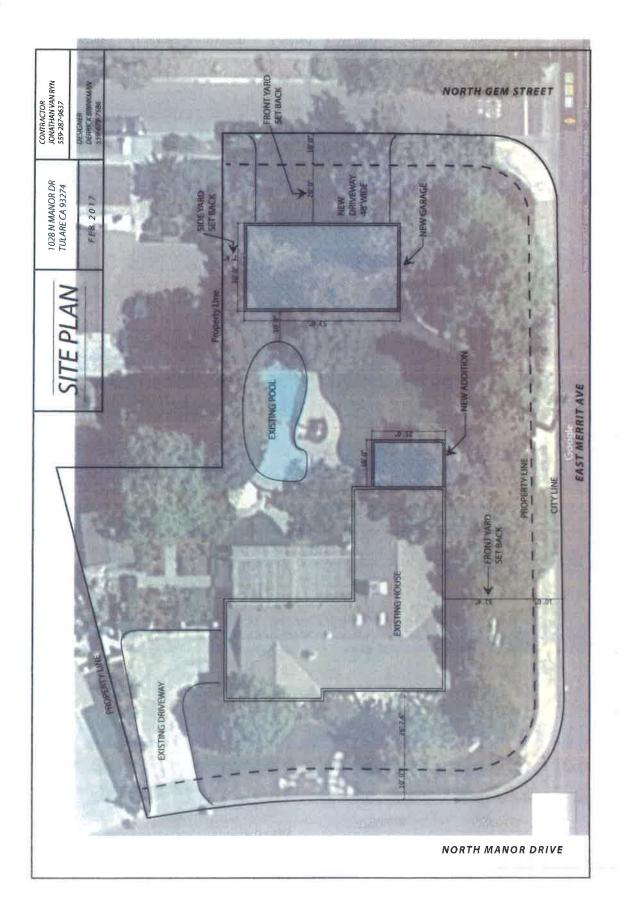
1028 N MANOR DRIVE

GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT 2017-01 ZONE AMENDMENT 719



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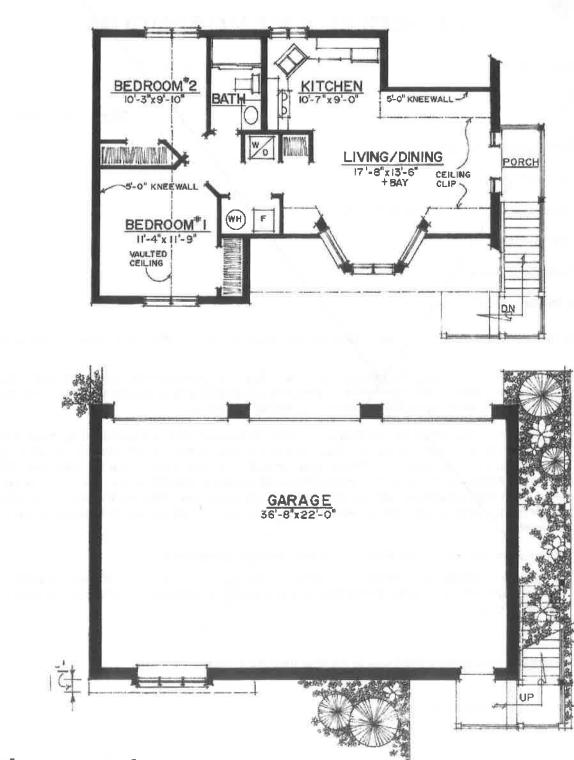






Design

102**6** N Manor, Tulare CA 93274



Floor plan

1028 N Manor, Tulare CA 93274



SEE REVISED (OMMENS

INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM

Engineering Department

Michael W. Miller, City Engineer

MISC COMMENTS:

- TO: Planning and Building Division
- FROM: Engineering Division

SUBJECT: Lot Merger 2017-02 / GPA 2017-01 / ZA 719

- DATE: May 18, 2017
- LOCATION: 1028 Manor Drive

OWNER/DEVELOPER: Jonathan Van Ryn

The Engineering Division has reviewed the subject development applications, and offers the following comments:

- 1. In accordance with City Council Resolution No. 2141, future building permits issued on the subject property that have a valuation as determined by the Chief Building Official of greater than 25% of existing building improvements shall trigger the following Engineering conditions:
 - a. Repair or replacement of any existing curb, gutter, or sidewalk that is determined by inspection of the Public Works Director to be damaged, deficient or non-compliant with current City standards. This includes the modification of the existing ramped curb returns located at the northeast corner of Merritt Avenue and Manor Drive and northwest corner of Merritt Avenue and Gem Street to bring them into compliance with current City and ADA standards. Said modifications may require the property owner to relocate an existing City street light at the corner as required by the City Engineer.
 - b. Future driveway approaches shall comply with current City standards.
 - c. The Øwner/Developer shall be responsible for all costs associated with the removal, relocation and undergrounding of utilities as necessary to accommodate installation of the required public improvements.

All applicable fees shall be paid at the current rate at the time they are collected.

Prepared By: Michael W. Miller, City Engineer

TULARE CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT FIRE PREVENTION BUREAU

SITE ADDRESS: 1028 Manor Dr.

DATE: April 18, 2017

OWNER: Jonathan Van Ryne

SITE PLAN REVIEW COMMENTS

The Fire Prevention Bureau has no comments regarding General Plan Amendment 2017-01.

Ryan Leonardo/Fire Inspector III

Pursuant to Government Code Section 6103, No Recording Fee Required.

Recording Requested By

City of Tulare and When Recorded Mail To:

City of Tulare Planning and Building Department 411 East Kern Avenue Tulare, Ca 93274

RESOLUTION NO. 781

A RESOLUTION OF THE PARCEL MAP COMMITTEE OF THE CITY OF TULARE APPROVING LOT MERGER APPLICATION NO. 2017-02

WHEREAS, Parcel Map Committee of the City of Tulare duly convened on May 22, 2017 to consider a request by Jonathan VanRyne to create one parcel from two existing parcels of record (APNs 170-060-042 & 043) on property located at 1028 N. Manor Drive; and,

WHEREAS, the Parcel Map Committee determined that the request is in conformance with the goals and objectives of the General Plan; and,

WHEREAS, the Parcel Map Committee determined that the request is in conformance with the goals and objectives of the Zoning Ordinance in Section 10.04.020 of the Tulare City code; and,

WHEREAS, the Parcel Map Committee determined that this project is exempt pursuant to Section 15315 – Minor Land Divisions, of the California Environmental Quality Act of 1970, as amended; and,

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the City of Tulare Parcel Map Committee that Lot Merger Application No. 2017-02 was approved and attachments "A" and "B" are approved subject to the following conditions:

1. Applicant to record a certified copy of the resolution with new deeds and a map as approved by the Parcel Map Committee and the City Engineer.

Page 2 Resolution 781 Lot Merger 2017-02

PASSED, APPROVED and ADOPTED this **twenty-second** day of **May**, **2017** by the following recorded vote:

AYES:		
NOES:		
ABSENT:	 	
ABSTAIN:	 	

JEFF KILLION, CHAIRMAN City of Tulare Parcel Map Committee

ATTEST:

MICHAEL MILLER, VICE CHAIRMAN City of Tulare Parcel Map Committee



INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM

Engineering Department

Michael W. Miller, City Engineer

MISC COMMENTS:

- TO: Planning and Building Division
- **FROM:** Engineering Division
- **SUBJECT:** Lot Merger 2017-02 / GPA 2017-01 / ZA 719
- **DATE:** May 22, 2017
- LOCATION: 1028 Manor Drive

OWNER/DEVELOPER: Jonathan Van Ryn

The Engineering Division has reviewed the subject development applications, and offers the following comments:

- 1. In accordance with City Council Resolution No. 2141, future building permits issued on the subject property that have a valuation as determined by the Chief Building Official of greater than 25% of existing building improvements shall trigger the following conditions:
 - a. Repair or replacement of any existing curb, gutter, or sidewalk that is determined by inspection of the Public Works Director to be damaged, deficient or non-compliant with current City standards. This includes the modification of the existing ramped curb returns located at the northeast corner of Merritt Avenue and Manor Drive and northwest corner of Merritt Avenue and Gem Street to bring them into compliance with current City and ADA standards. Said modifications may require the property owner to relocate an existing City street light at the corner as required by the City Engineer.
 - b. Installation of new 5-foot wide City standard sidewalk along subject property's Manor Drive frontage.
 - c. Replacement of the existing driveway approach on Manor Drive with a new City standard driveway approach.
 - d. Proposed new driveway approaches shall comply with current City standards.
 - e. The Owner/Developer shall be responsible for all costs associated with the removal, relocation and undergrounding of utilities as necessary to accommodate installation of the required public improvements.

All applicable fees shall be paid at the current rate at the time they are collected.

Prepared By: Michael W. Miller, City Engineer



RESOLUTION 17-25

A RESOLUTION OF THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF TULARE ADOPTING A NEGATIVE DECLARATION FOR GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 2017-01 ZONING AMENDMENT 719

WHEREAS, the Council of the City of Tulare held a regular meeting on June 20, 2017 to adopt a Negative Declaration for General Plan Amendment 2017-01 and Zoning Amendment 719; and

WHEREAS, the Council of the City of Tulare determined that a Negative Declaration has been prepared in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act; and,

WHEREAS, the Council of the City of Tulare considered the proposed Negative Declaration and finds that there is no substantial evidence that the project will have a significant effect on the environment; and,

WHEREAS, the Council of the City of Tulare determined that the proposed Negative Declaration reflects the independent judgment of the lead agency.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Council of the City of Tulare adopts a Negative Declaration for General Plan Amendment 2017-01 and Zoning Amendment 719.

Negative Declaration is attached hereto and incorporated herein as fully set forth.

PASSED, APPROVED, AND ADOPTED this 20th day of June 2017.

President of the Council and Ex-Officio Mayor of the City of Tulare

ATTEST:

STATE OF CALIFORNIA) COUNTY OF TULARE) ss. CITY OF TULARE)

I, Joseph Carlini, Interim City Clerk of the City of Tulare, certify the foregoing is the full and true Resolution 17-25 passed and adopted by the Council of the City of Tulare at a regular meeting held on June 20, 2017, by the following vote:

Aye(s)	
Noe(s)	Abstention(s)
Dated:	JOSEPH CARLINI, INTERIM CITY CLERK

By Roxanne Yoder, Chief Deputy City Clerk

PROPOSED INITIAL STUDY / NEGATIVE DECLARATION FOR THE 1028 N MANOR DRIVE PROJECT

April 2017



PREPARED FOR:



CITY OF TULARE 411 EAST KERN AVENUE TULARE, CA 93274 PREPARED BY:



324 S. SANTA FE, SUITE A VISALIA, CA 93292

TRACI MYERS, DEPUTY COMMUNITY DEV. DIRECTOR

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- A. Site Plan
- B. Air Quality/GHG CalEEMod output files

California Environmental Quality Act Document Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration for 1028 N Manor Drive within City of Tulare

INTRODUCTION

This Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration has been prepared for the City of Tulare to address the environmental effects of the construction of approximately 0.29 acres of single-family residential within City of Tulare. This document has been prepared in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. City of Tulare is the CEQA lead agency for this project.

The proposed project involves the construction of a detached garage / guest house on a 0.29 acre parcel. The property is located the north east corner of N Manor Drive and E Merrit Avenue in the City of Tulare. This project proposes a zone change from community commercial to single family residential.

The Environmental Assessment/Initial Study document for the **1028 N Manor Drive, City of Tulare,** is organized as follows:

Section 1: Environmental Review Process

The Environmental Assessment Process covers the procedures, under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), for evaluating the environmental effects of the proposed project including the CEQA guidelines, Initial Study, Environmental Checklist, and Notice of Intent to adopt a Negative Declaration, Negative Declaration, and the Notice of Determination.

Section 2: Project Description

The Project Description identifies the project location, provides a background to the project, and describes the project.

Section 3: Evaluation of Environmental Impacts

Evaluation of Environmental Impacts contains the CEQA Environmental Checklist, Environmental Factors Potentially Affected, Evaluation of Environmental Impacts, Draft Notice of Intent to Adopt Initial Study/Negative Declaration, Draft Negative Declaration, Notice of Completion and Environmental Document Transmittal form, Draft Notice of Determination, and a Schedule of Compliance with CEQA for a Negative Declaration.

Section 4: References

References provides a list of reference material used during the preparation of the Environmental Assessment/Initial Study.

Section 5: List of Report Preparers

The List of Report Preparers provides a list of key personnel involved in the preparation of the Environmental Assessment/Initial Study.

Appendices

The Appendices contain the Project Map location, Air Quality and Greenhouse Gas analysis, and the Cultural Resources Study.

1028 N Manor Drive Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration

April 2017

INITIAL STUDY/NEGATIVE DECLARATION PROCESS

SECTION 1

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California Environmental Quality Act Document Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration for 1028 N Manor Drive within The City of Tulare

SECTION 1

CEQA Environmental Review Process

1.1 California Environmental Quality Act Guidelines

Section 15063 of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines requires that the Lead Agency prepare an Initial Study to determine whether a discretionary project will have a significant effect on the environment. All phases of the project planning, implementation, and operation must be considered in the Initial Study. The purposes of an Initial Study, as listed under Section 15063(c) of the CEQA Guidelines, include:

(1) Provide the lead agency with information to use as the basis for deciding whether to prepare an EIR or negative declaration;

(2) Enable an applicant or lead agency to modify a project, mitigating adverse impacts before an EIR is prepared, thereby enabling the project to qualify for a negative declaration;

(3) Assist the preparation of an EIR, if one is required, by:

(A) Focusing the EIR on the effects determined to be significant,

(B) Identifying the effects determined not to be significant,

(C) Explaining the reasons for determining that potentially significant effects would not be significant, and

(D) Identifying whether a program EIR, tiering, or another appropriate process can be used for analysis of the project's environmental effects.

(4) Facilitate environmental assessment early in the design of a project;

(5) Provide documentation of the factual basis for the finding in a negative declaration that a project will not have a significant effect on the environment;

(6) Eliminate unnecessary EIRs;

(7) Determine whether a previously prepared EIR could be used with the project.

1028 N Manor Drive

1.2 Initial Study

The Initial Study provided herein covers the potential environmental effects of the construction of a detached garage with driveway and guest house unit within the City of Tulare, California.

The City of Tulare will act as the Lead Agency for processing the Initial Study/Negative Declaration pursuant to the CEQA and the CEQA Guidelines.

1.3 Environmental Checklist

The Lead Agency may use the CEQA Environmental Checklist Form [CEQA Guidelines, Section 15063(d)(3) and (f)] in preparation of an Initial Study to provide information for determination if there are significant effects of the project on the environment. A copy of the completed Environmental Checklist is set forth in **Section Three**.

1.4 Notice of Intent to Adopt a Negative Declaration

The Lead Agency shall provide a Notice of Intent to Adopt a Negative Declaration (CEQA Guidelines, Section 15072) to the public, responsible agencies, trustee agencies and the County Clerk within which the project is located, sufficiently prior to adoption by the Lead Agency of the Negative Declaration to allow the public and agencies the review period. The public review period (CEQA Guidelines, Section 15105) shall not be less than 45 days when the Initial Study/Negative Declaration is submitted to the State Clearinghouse unless a shorter period, not less than 30 days, is approved by the State Clearinghouse.

Prior to approving the project, the Lead Agency shall consider the proposed Negative Declaration together with any comments received during the public review process, and shall adopt the proposed Negative Declaration only if it finds on the basis of the whole record before it, that there is no substantial evidence that the project will have a significant effect on the environment and that the Negative Declaration reflects the Lead Agency's independent judgment and analysis.

The written and oral comments received during the public review period will be considered by the City of Tulare prior to adopting the Negative Declaration.

Regardless of the type of CEQA document that must be prepared, the overall purpose of the CEQA process is to:

- 1) Assure that the environment and public health and safety are protected in the face of discretionary projects initiated by public agencies or private concerns;
- Provide for full disclosure of the project's environmental effects to the public, the agency decision-makers who will approve or deny the project, and the responsible trustee agencies charged with managing resources (e.g. wildlife, air quality) that may be affected by the project; and
- 3) Provide a forum for public participation in the decision-making process pertaining to potential environmental effects.

According to Section 15070(a) a public agency shall prepare or have prepared a proposed negative declaration for a project subject to CEQA when:

1028 N Manor Drive

The initial study shows that there is no substantial evidence, in light of the whole record before the agency, that the project may have a significant effect on the environment. Less than significant impacts with mitigation measures have been identified.

The Environmental Checklist Discussion contained in Section Three of this document has determined that the environmental impacts of the project are less than significant with mitigation measures and that a Mitigated Negative Declaration is adequate for adoption by the Lead Agency.

1.5 Negative Declaration or Mitigated Negative Declaration

The Lead Agency shall prepare or have prepared a proposed Negative Declaration or Mitigated Negative Declaration (CEQA Guidelines Section 15070) for a project subject to CEQA when the Initial Study shows that there is no substantial evidence, in light of the whole record before the agency, that the project may have a significant effect on the environment.

The proposed Negative Declaration or Mitigated Negative Declaration circulated for public review shall include the following:

- (a) A brief description of the project, including a commonly used name for the project.
- (b) The location of the project, preferably shown on a map.
- (c) A proposed finding that the project will not have a significant effect on the environment.
- (d) An attached copy of the Initial Study documenting reasons to support the finding.
- (e) Mitigation measures, if any.

1.6 Intended Uses of Initial Study/Negative Declaration documents

The Initial Study/Negative Declaration document is an informational document that is intended to inform decision-makers, other responsible or interested agencies, and the general public of potential environmental effects of the proposed project. The environmental review process has been established to enable the public agencies to evaluate environmental consequences and to examine and implement methods of eliminating or reducing any adverse impacts. While CEQA requires that consideration be given to avoiding environmental damage, the Lead Agency must balance any potential environmental effects against other public objectives, including economic and social goals.

City of Tulare, as Lead Agency, will make a determination, based on the environmental review for the Environmental Study, Initial Study and comments from the general public, if there are less than significant impacts from the proposed project and the requirements of CEQA can be met by adoption of a Mitigated Negative Declaration.

1.7 Notice of Determination (NOD)

The Lead Agency shall file a Notice of Determination within five working days after deciding to approve the project. The Notice of Determination (CEQA Guidelines, Section 15075) shall include the following:

(1) An identification of the project including the project title as identified on the proposed negative declaration, its location, and the State Clearinghouse identification number for the

1028 N Manor Drive

proposed negative declaration if the notice of determination is filed with the State Clearinghouse.

(2) A brief description of the project.

(3) The agency's name and the date on which the agency approved the project.

(4) The determination of the agency that the project will not have a significant effect on the environment.

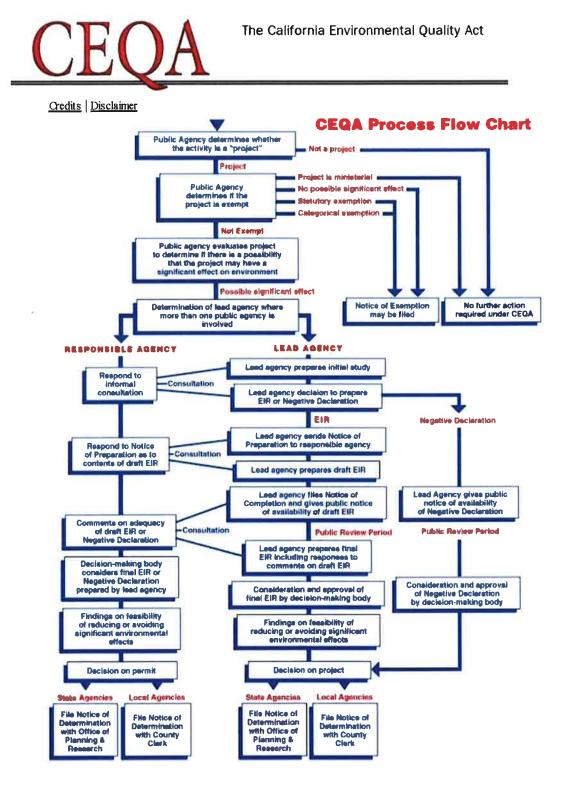
(5) A statement that a negative declaration or a mitigated negative declaration was adopted pursuant to the provisions of CEQA.

(6) A statement indicating whether mitigation measures were made a condition of the approval of the project, and whether a mitigation monitoring plan/program was adopted.

(7) The address where a copy of the negative declaration or mitigated negative declaration may be examined.

(8) The Notice of Determination filed with the County Clerk shall be available for public inspection and shall be posted by the County Clerk within 24 hours of receipt for a period of at least 30 days. Thereafter, the clerk shall return the Notice to the Lead Agency with a notation of the period posted.

1028 N Manor Drive



1028 N Manor Drive

Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration

April 2017

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

SECTION 2

California Environmental Quality Act Document Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration for 1028 N Manor Drive within The City of Tulare

SECTION 2

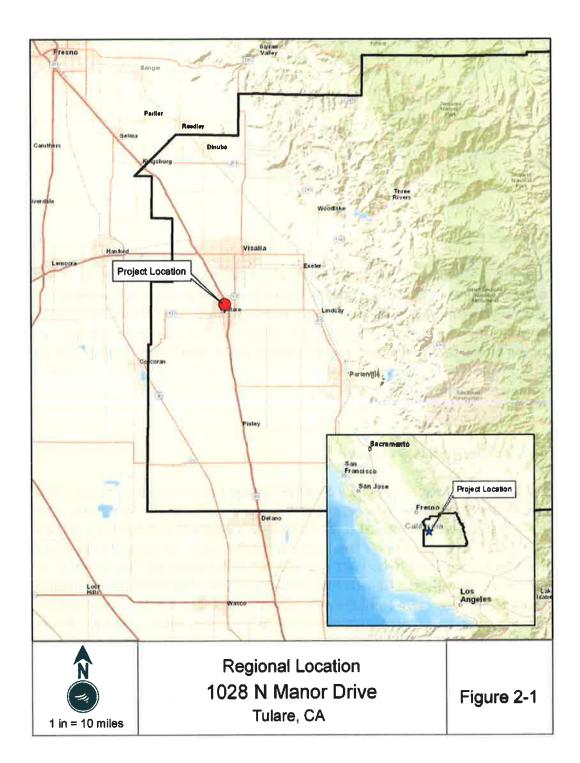
Project Description

2.1 **Project Location**

The Project is located in Tulare County in the northern area of the City of Tulare, adjacent to E Merritt Ave and 1028 N Manor Drive. The property is composed of two parcels with frontages on N Manor Drive and Gem Street and primary access point on N Manor Drive. The project involves the construction of a detached garage / guest house on the back parcel and a new driveway off of Gem Street totaling 0.29 acres. The project area is bound by suburban development to the north, west and south and commercial development to the east.

2.2 Project Description & Purpose

The landowner wishes to build a detached garage / guest house on parcel 170-060-043 to provide parking, storage, and an increased quality of life. This parcel is zoned as neighborhood commercial (C-2), however it's adjacent and dually owned parcel (170-060-042) is zoned single family residential (R-1-12.5). To complete this project, a Lot Merge between 170-060-042 and 170-060-043 is required. The merge of these lots would necessitate a General Plan amendment from neighborhood commercial to single family residential and Zone amendment from C-2 to R-1-12.5. The project area is surrounded by residential development to the north, south, and east. Retaining residential zoning on this block will increase the cohesivity of the area.







Photograph 1: Looking south from Merrit Avenue, Source 4-Creeks 4/3/2017



Photograph 2: Looking east from Merrit Avenue, Source 4-Creeks 4/3/2017



Photograph 3: Looking North from Merrit Avenue, Source 4-Creeks 4/3/2017



Photograph 4: Looking west from the corner of Merrit Avenue and Manor Drive, Source 4-Creeks 4/3/2017

1028 N Manor Drive

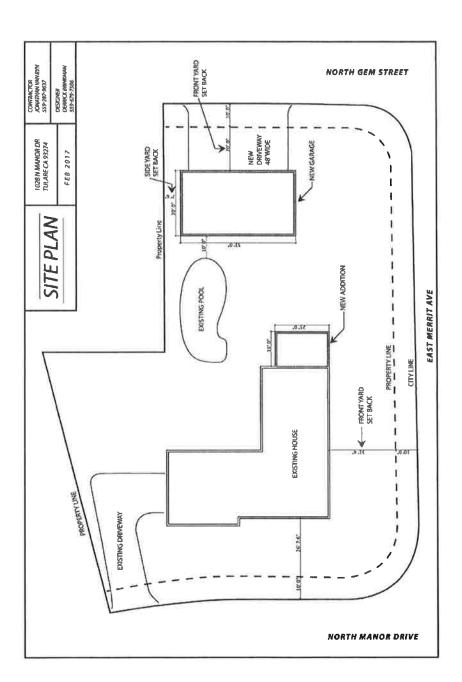


Figure 2-3: Site plan for proposed detached garage / guest house project

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ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

SECTION 3

EVALUATION OF

California Environmental Quality Act Document Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration for 1028 N Manor Drive within

The City of Tulare

SECTION 3

Evaluation of Environmental Impacts

This document is the Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration on the proposed construction of a detached garage / guest house on 0.29 acres. The City of Tulare will act as the Lead Agency for this project pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and the CEQA Guidelines.

3.1 PURPOSE

The purpose of this environmental document is to implement the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). Section 15002(a) of the CEQA Guidelines describes the basic purposes of CEQA as follows.

- (1) Inform governmental decision-makers and the public about the potential, significant environmental effects of proposed activities.
- (2) Identify the ways that environmental damage can be avoided or significantly reduced.
- (3) Prevent significant, avoidable damage to the environment by requiring changes in projects through the use of alternatives or mitigation measures when the governmental agency finds the changes to be feasible.
- (4) Disclose to the public the reasons why a governmental agency approved the project in the manner the agency chose if significant environmental effects are involved.

This Initial Study of environmental impacts has been prepared to conform to the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) (Public Resources Code Section 21000 et seq.) and the State CEQA Guidelines (California Code of Regulations Section 15000 et seq.).

According to Section 15070(a), a Negative Declaration is appropriate if it is determined that:

(1) The initial study shows that there is no substantial evidence, in light of the whole record before the agency, that the project may have a significant effect on the environment.

INITIAL STUDY/MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

1.	Project Title:	1028 N Manor Drive
2.	Lead Agency:	City of Tulare 411 E. Kern Avenue Tulare, Ca 93274 (559) 684-4217 FAX 685-2339
3.	Applicant:	Van Ryn Family 1028 N Manor Drive Tulare, Ca 93274
4.	Contact Person:	City of Tulare 411 E. Kern Avenue Tulare, CA 93274

(559) 684-4273

5. **Project Location:**

The proposed project is located on 0.29 acres of a duel parcel property totaling 0.57 acres adjacent to E Merrit Ave and N Manor Drive (APN: 170-060-042, 043). See Figure 3-1.

6. General Plan Designation:

Tulare General Plan designates parcel 170-060-042 as Low Density Residential and parcel 170-060-043 as Community Commercial. Project proposes a General Plan Amendment for parcel 170-060-043 from Community Commercial to Single Family Residential.

7. Zoning Designation:

Tulare Zoning Map designates parcel 170-060-042 as R-1-12.5 Single Family and parcel 170-060-043 as C-2 Professional Office. Project proposes a Zone Change of parcel 170-060-043 from C-2 Professional Office to R-1-12.5 Single Family.

8. Surrounding Land Uses and Settings:

mercial

9. **Project Description**

The proposed project will include the construction of a detached garage / guest house. Construction is proposed to begin June 2017 and continue through September 2017. See Figure 3-2 for site layout.

- 10. **Parking and access:** Private vehicular access to the project will be available on N Manor Drive and Gem Street. The applicant will be responsible for construction of internal drive aisles to meet City standards.
- 11. Landscaping and Design: The project will provide a landscaping buffer along all edges of the property to provide for a buffer and aesthetic appeal to the community. The landscape and irrigation plans will be required at time the project submits for building permit on the project and will be subject to WELO.
- 12. Utilities and Electrical Services: The City of Tulare provides water service within its corporate limits, including to the project site. The water distribution system within the project site would be provided and maintained by the City of Tulare. Sanitary sewer service, including wastewater treatments, will be provided to the project site by the City of Tulare. Existing water and sewer mains are located along N Manor Drive and will provide connections for this project. The storm water collection will be connected to an existing storm water line located south of the project development.

Electrical and gas service to the project site would be provided by the Southern California Edison and the Gas Company. AT&T would provide telephone service and cable television service would be provided by Comcast. The Applicant will be required to extend the services to the site.

- 13. **Project Components:** The discretionary approvals required from the City of Tulare for the proposed project include:
 - General Plan Amendment
 - Zone Change
 - Lot Merge

Acronyms

BMP	Best Management Practices
CAA	Clean Air Act
CCR	California Code of Regulation
CDFG	California Department of Fish and Game
CEQA	California Environmental Quality Act
CWA	California Water Act
DHS	Department of Health Services
FEIR	Final Environmental Impact Report
FPPA	Farmland Protection Policy Act
ISMND	Initial Study Mitigated Negative Declaration
MCL	Maximum Contaminant Level
ND	Negative Declaration
NAC	Noise Abatement Criteria
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976
RWQCB	Regional Water Quality Control Board
SHPO	State Historic Preservation Office
SJVAPCD	San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District
SWPPP	Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan



Figure 3-1, Vicinity Map of 1028 N Manor Drive

1028 N Manor Drive

Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration

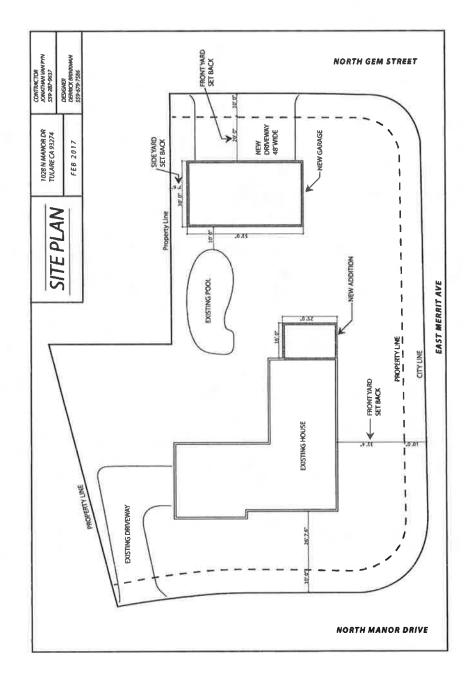


Figure 3-2: Site plan of 1028 N Manor Drive

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April 2017

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3.2 EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

- 1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "no Impact" answers that are adequately support by the information sources a lead agency cites, in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the reference information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2. All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3. Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR if required.
- 4. "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses," as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequate analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c) (3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following.
 - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated." Describe and mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED

1028 N Manor Drive

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

- AestheticsAgriculture and Forest Resources
- Air Quality
- Biological Resources
- Cultural Resources
- Geology and soils
- Greenhouse Gas Emissions
 Hazards and Hazardous Materials
 Hydrology and Water Quality
 Land Use and Planning
- Mineral ResourcesNoise
- D Population
- Public Services
- Recreation
- □ Transportation/Traffic
- Utilities and Service System
- □ Mandatory Findings of Significance

DETERMINATION: (To be completed by the Lead Agency) Where potential impacts are anticipated to be significant, mitigation measures will be required, so that impacts may be avoided or reduced to insignificant levels.

On the basis of this initial evaluation:

- □ I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION WILL BE PREPARED.
- ☑ I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- □ I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPAT REPORT is required.
- □ I find that the proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect 1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and 2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. A Negative Declaration is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed.
- □ I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is requested.

SIGNATURE	DATE		
David Duda, Planning Consultant	<u>City of Tulare</u>		
PRINTED NAME	Agency		
3.4 ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS			
1028 N Manor Drive			

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The following section provides an evaluation of the impact categories and questions contained in the checklist and identify mitigation measures, if applicable.

I. AESTHETICS

Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				Ø
 b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within state scenic highway? 				Ø
c) Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?				
d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?			Ø	

Environmental Setting

The proposed project is located on vacant land adjacent to an existing residential area in northeast Tulare.

Discussion:

- a) <u>No Impact:</u> A scenic vista is defined as a viewpoint that provides expansive views of highly valued landscape for the benefit of the general public. The Sierra Nevada Mountains are the only natural and visual resource in the project area. Views of these distant mountains are afforded only during clear conditions. Due to poor air quality in the valley, this mountain range is not visible on the majority days. Distant views of the Sierra Nevada Mountains would largely be unaffected by the development of the project because of the distance and limited visibility of these features. An increase in landscaping around the site will enhance the existing conditions and provide aesthetic quality to the area. Based upon this, and the lack of view of the features on a majority of days in the year both on and off site, any obstruction that may occur that would be caused by the project would not cause an impact. There is *no impact*.
- b) **No Impact:** The site does not contain any rock outcropping or historic buildings. After review of the state route "scenic highways" in Tulare County, it was determined that there are no highways designated by State or local agencies as "Scenic highways" near the project site. Therefore, the proposed project would have *no impact* to any scenic resources.

c) Less Than Significant Impact:

The structures included in this project will be largely hidden from view on N Manor Drive behind the landowners home. The structures would be blocked from view on Merritt Ave by a fence, trees and other vegetation. Views from Gem Street will be enhanced with attractive landscaping and thoughtful architecture. The City does not anticipate that the development of the proposed project will create a visually degraded character or quality to the project site or to the properties near and around the project site. Additionally, all of the development will be required to comply with the design review and design limitations required by the General Plan and the City's adopted design guidelines and zoning regulations which require setbacks, landscaping and designs to limit impact to neighboring properties. Therefore, the proposed project would have *a less than significant impact* on the visual character of the area.

d) <u>Less-Than-Significant-Impact</u>: Although the proposed project will add new light sources for exterior and interior building lighting, the project's lighting will not be substantial. Consistency with the design guidelines will ensure that the project impacts related to light and glare are less than significant.

II. AGRICULTURE AND FOREST RESOURCES:

In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California air Resources BoardWould the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non- agricultural use?				Ø
b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?				
c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g)?				
 d) Result in the loss of forestland or conversion of forest land to non-forest use? 				
e) Involve other changes in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forestland to non-forest use?				Ø

Discussion:

- a) <u>No Impact</u>: The proposed project site is designated as Community Commercial/Low Density Residential and is located in an area of the City considered Urban and Build Up Land by the State Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program (FMMP). No Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance or land under Williamson Act contracts occurs in the project area. Therefore, the project has *no impacts*.
- b) **No Impact:** The project site is not under Williamson Act contract and therefore would create *no impacts.*
- c) **No Impact:** The project site is not zoned for agriculture use and there is no zone change proposed for the site, therefore *no impacts* would occur.
- d) <u>No Impact</u>: No conversion of forestland, as defined under Public Resource Code or General Code, will occur as a result of the project and would create *no impacts*.
- e) **No Impact:** The site is within an urban area and the City's General Plan for the area is low density residential and commercial. Therefore, the project has *no impacts*.

III. AIR QUALITY

Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?			Ø	
b) Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?			Ø	
c) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions, which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?			Ø	
d) Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?				
e) Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?			M	

CURRENT POLICIES AND REGULATIONS

Federal Clean Air Act - The 1977 Federal Clean Air Act (CAA) authorized the establishment of the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) and set deadlines for their attainment. The Clean Air Act identifies specific emission reduction goals, requires both a demonstration of reasonable further progress and an attainment demonstration, and incorporates more stringent sanctions for failure to meet interim milestones. The U.S. EPA is the federal agency charged with administering the Act and other air quality-related legislation. EPA's principal function include setting NAAQS; establishing minimum national emission limits for major sources of pollution; and promulgating regulations. Under CAA, the NCCAB is identified as an attainment area for all pollutants.

California Clean Air Act - California Air Resources Board coordinates and oversees both state and federal air pollution control programs in California. As part of this responsibility, California Air Resources Board monitors existing air quality, establishes California Ambient Air Quality Standards, and limits allowable emissions from vehicular sources. Regulatory authority within established air basins is provided by air pollution control and management districts, which control stationary-source and most categories of area-source emissions and develop regional air quality plans. The project is located within the jurisdiction of the San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District.

The state and federal standards for the criteria pollutants are presented in (see Table 1, page 14). These standards are designed to protect public health and welfare. The "primary" standards have been established to protect the public health. The "secondary" standards are intended to protect the nation's welfare and account for air pollutant effects on soils, water, visibility, materials, vegetation and other aspects of general welfare. The U.S. EPA revoked the national 1-hour ozone standard on June 15, 2005, and the annual PM₁₀ standard on September 21, 2006, when a new PM_{2.5} 24-hour standard was established.

		Quality Standar		
Pollutant	Averaging Time	California	N	ational Standards
		Standards	Primary	Secondary
	1-hour	0.09 ppm		
	2 11001	180 ug/m ³)		
Ozone (0₃)	8-hour			Same as Primary Standard
Respirable Particulate	Annual Geometric Mean	20 ug/m ³	-	
Matter (PM ₁₀)	24-Hour	50 ug/m ³	150 ug/m ³	Same as Primary Standard
	Annual Arithmetic Mean	-	50 ug/m ³	
Fine Particulate Matter	24-Hour	No Separate	65 ug/m ³	
(PM 2.5)	Annual Arithmetic Mean	State	15 ug/m ³	
		Standard		
		12 ug/m ³		
	8-hour	9.0 ppm (10	9 ppm	
Carbon Monoxide (CO)		mg/m³)	(10 mg/m ³)	None
	1-Hour	20 ppm (23	35 ppm	
		mg/m ³)	(40 mg/m ³)	
	8-Hour (Lake Tahoe)	6 ppm (7	×	
		mg/m³)		
	Annual Arithmetic Mean	0.030 ppm	0.053ppm ^f	
		(57 ug/m ³)	(100ug/m ³)	Same as Primary Standard
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO2)	1-hour	0.18 ppm	0.1 ppm ^f	
		(339 ug/m ³)	(188 ug/m ³)	
	24-Hour	0.04 ppm	0.14 ppm	5 - 0
		(105 ug/m ³)	(365ug/m ³)	
	3-Hour		9 7 .0	0.5 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)				(1300 ug/m ³)
	1-Hour	0.25 ppm	75 ppb ^g	3.
		(655 ug/m ³)	(196 ug/m ³)	
Leadh	30-day Average	-	-	
	Calendar Quarter	(1.5 ug/m ³)	(1.5ug/m ³)	
	Rolling 3-month Average ⁱ		(0.15ug/m ³)	Same as Primary Standard
Sulfates	24-Hour	25 ug/m ³		No

Table 1

	Pollutant	Averaging Time	California Standards	N	lational Standards	
				Primary	Secondary	
Н	ydrogen Sulfide	1-Hour	0.03 ppm (42 ug/m³)		National	
	Vinyl Chloride	24-Hour	0.01 ppm (26 ug/m ³		Standard	
Visibil	ity-Reducing Particle Matter	8-Hour		pecause of parti	of 0.23 per kilometer –visibility of 10 of particles when the relative 0%.	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	suspended particulate others are not to be ex- Title 17 of the Californi National standards (oth not to be exceeded mo- in a year, averaged over the expected number of one. For PM2.5, the 24 equal to or less than th Concentration express reference temperature to a reference temperature to a reference temperature to a reference temperature the air quality standard National Primary Stand- health. National Primary Stand- from any known or ant Reference method as of "consistent relationshi To attain the standard, an area must not exceed	a Code of Regulations, her than ozone, particulate mat ire than once a year. The ozone ir three years, is equal to or less of days per calendar year with a 4 hour standard is attained whe e standard. Contact U.S. EPA for ed first in units in which it was p of 25° C and a reference press ture of 25° C and a reference p it per mole of gas. ure which can be shown to the d may be used. lards: The levels of air quality n icipate adverse effects of a poll lescribed by the EPA. An "Equiv p to the reference method" and the 3-year average of the 98 th	bility reducing partic vality standards are li ter, and those based standard is attained than the standard. F 24-hour average cor n 98 percent of the d or further clarification oromulgated. Equival sure of 760 torr. Mos ressure of 760 torr, p satisfaction of the AR pecessary to protect t utant. valent method" of me a must be approved b percentile of the daily v 22, 2010). Note tha	les, are values the sted in the Table on annual average when the fourth for PM10, the 24- incentration above laily concentration and current feder ent units given in t measurements of pm in this table of B to give equival equate margin of the public welfare easurement may by the EPA. y maximum 1-hout t the EPA standard	at are not to be exceeded. All of Standards in Section 70200 of ges or annual arithmetic mean) ar highest eight-hour concentration hour standard is attained when a 150ug/m3 is equal to or less tha ns, averaged over three years, eral policies. parentheses are based upon a of air quality are to be corrected refers to ppm by volume, or ent results at or near the level of safety to protect the public e from protect the public welfare be used but must have a ur average at each monitor within rds are in units of parts per billion	
9.	of 53 ppb and 100 ppb On June 2, 2010, the U average of the annual 1 Reference Method (FR hour SO ₂ standard of 0 however, the secondar billion (ppb). California standard to the Califor The ARB has identified	99 th percentile of 1-hour daily n M) have adequately permeated .030 ppm effective August 23, 2 y standard is undergoing a sepa a standards are in units of parts nia standard of 75 ppb is identio lead and vinyl chloride as 'toxic	0.100 ppm, respective ur SO ₂ standard, effer naximum concentrative Stat-monitoring net 2010. The secondary arate review by EPA. per million (ppm). T cal to 0.075 ppm. cair contaminants' w	vely. ctive August 23, 2 ons. EPA also pro works. The EPA a SO2 standard wa Not that the new o directly compar ith no thresholds	2010, which is based on the 3-yea posed a new automated Federal also revoked both the existing 24- as not revised at that time; standard is in units of parts per re the new primary national level of exposure for adverse	
10.	concentrations specifie	ned. These actions allow for the	e implementation of	control incubules	s at levels below the amplent	

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Air quality is described in terms of emissions rate and concentration of emissions. An emissions rate is the amount of pollutant released into the atmosphere by a given source over a specified time period. Emissions rates are generally expressed in units such as pounds per hour (1lbs/hr) or tons per year. Concentrations of emissions, on the other hand, represent the amount of pollutant in a given space at any time. Concentration is usually expressed in units such as micrograms per cubic meter, kilograms per metric ton, or parts per million. There are 4 primary sources of air pollution within the SJVAB: motor vehicles, stationary sources, agricultural activities, and construction activities.

Criteria air pollutants are classified in each air basin, county, or, in some cases, within a specific urbanized area. The classification is determined by comparing actual monitoring data with state and federal standards. If a pollutant concentration is lower than the standard, the pollutant is classified as "attainment" in that area. If an area exceeds the standard, the pollutant is classified as "non attainment." If there are not enough data available to determine whether the standard is exceeded in an area, the area is designated "unclassified."

Air quality in the vicinity of the proposed project is regulated by several jurisdictions including the State and Federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), California Resources Board (CARB), and the San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District (SJVAPCD). Each jurisdiction develops rules, regulations, policies, and/or goals to attain the directives imposed upon them through Federal and State legislation.

The Clean Air Act (CAA) of 1990 requires emission controls on factories, businesses, and automobiles by:

- Lowering the limits on hydrochloric acid and nitrogen oxides (NO_X) emissions, requiring the increased use of alternative-fuel cars, on-board canisters to capture vapors during refueling, and extending emission-control warranties.
- Reducing airborne toxins by requiring factories to install "maximum achievable control technology" and installing urban pollution control programs.
- Reduction Acid rain production by cutting sulfur dioxide emissions for coal-burning power plants.

In July of 1997, the EPA adopted a $PM_{2.5}$ standard in recognition of increased concern over particulate matter 2.5 microns in diameter ($PM_{2.5}$). Ending several years of litigation, EPA's $PM_{2.5}$ regulations were upheld by the U.S. Supreme Court on February 27, 2001. According to information provided by the EPA, designations for the new $PM_{2.5}$ standards began in the year 2002 with attainment plans submitted by 2005 for regions that violate the standard. $PM_{2.5}$ measurements have not yet been conducted to determine if the City is in attainment under the new federal PM_{2.5} standards. A PM_{2.5} monitoring network plan has been developed by the CARB and local air districts in California, and data is in the process of being collected.

The following rules and regulations have been adopted by the Air District to reduce emissions throughout the San Joaquin Valley and verification by the City of compliance with these rules and regulations will be required, as applicable, to construct and operation of the project.

- Rule 4002 National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants There are no existing structures located on the proposed site.
- Rule 4102 Nuisance
 This rule applies to any source operation that emits or may emit air contaminants or
 other materials. In the event that the project or construction of the project creates a
 public nuisance, it could be in violation and b subject to district enforcement action.
- Rule 4601 Architectural coatings. The purpose of this rule is to limit volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from architectural coatings. Emission are reduced by limits on VOC content and providing requirements on coatings storage, cleanup, and labeling
- Rule 4641- Cutback, slow cure, and emulsified asphalt, paving and maintenance operations. The purpose of this rule is to limit VOC emissions from asphalt paving and maintenance operations. If asphalt paving will be used, then the paving operations will be subject to Rule 4641.
- Rule 9510 Indirect Source Review (ISR) This rule reduces the impact PM₁₀ and NO_X emissions from growth on the SJVB. This rule places application and emission reduction requirements on applicable development projects in order to reduce emissions through onsite mitigation, offsite SJVAPCD-administered projects, or a combination of the two. This project will submit an Air Impact Assessment (AIA) application in accordance with Rule 9510's requirements.
- Compliance with SJVAPCD Rule 9510 (ISR) reduces the emissions impact of the project through incorporation of onsite measures as well as payment of an offsite fee that funds emissions reduction projects in the SJVAB. A number of "optional"/Above and Beyond" mitigation measures included in this project can be created as Rule 9510 – onsite mitigation measures.
- Regulation VIII fugitive PM₁₀ Prohibitions

Rules 8011 - 8081 are designed to reduce PM_{10} emissions (predominantly dust/dirt) generated by human activity, including construction and demolition activities, road construction, bulk materials storage, paved and unpaved roads, carryout and track-out etc. Among the Regulation VIII Rules applicable to the project are the following:

- 1. Rule 8011 Fugitive Dust Administrative Requirements for Control of Fine Particulate Matter (PM₁₀)
- 2. Rule 8021 Fugitive Dust Requirements for Control of fine Particulate Matter (PM_{10}) from Construction, Excavation, and Extraction Activities
- 3. Rule 8030 Fugitive dust Requirements for Control of Fine Particulate Matter (PM₁₀) from Handling and Storage of Fine Bulk Materials.
- 4. Rule 8060 Fugitive dust Requirements for Control of fine Particulate Matter (PM₁₀) from Paved and Unpaved Roads.
- 5. Rule 8070 Fugitive Dust Requirements for Control of Fine Particulate Matter P₁₀) from Vehicle and/or Equipment Parking, Shipping, Receiving, Transfer, Fueling, and Service Areas.
- 6. Rule 8071 Unpaved vehicle/equipment traffic areas. The purpose of this rule is to limit dust emissions from travel on unpaved parking areas. If the project exceeds the applicability threshold of 25 daily vehicle trips by vehicles and three or more axles, control requirements listed in the rule must be met.

Discussion:

- a) Less-Than-Significant-Impact: The proposed project is located within the boundaries of the San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District (SJVAPCD). The SJVAPCD is responsible for bringing air quality in the City into compliance with federal and state air quality standards. As discussed below, the project qualifies to be categorized at a *Small Project Analysis Level* (SPAL) by the SJVAPCD, which is a categorization that projects the identified project will not have a significant level of impact of air quality. Therefore, would not conflict with or obstruct implementation of any SJVAPCD plans or guidelines and impacts would be *less than significant*.
- b) <u>Less-than-significant-Impact</u>: Construction of the proposed project involves grading, excavation, and use of construction equipment. Project construction would result in short-term air pollutant emissions from use of construction equipment, earth-moving activities (grading), construction workers' commutes, materials deliveries and shortdistance earth and debris hauling.

To aid in evaluating potentially significant construction and/or operational impacts of a project, SJVAPCD has prepared an advisory document, the Guide for Assessing and Mitigating Air Quality Impacts (GAMAQI), which contains standard procedures for addressing air quality in CEQA documents (SJVAPCD, 2002) The guide was adopted in 1998 and revised in 2002)

GAMAQI presents a three-tiered approach to air quality analysis. The Small Project Analysis Level (SPAL) is first used to screen the project for potentially significant impacts. A project that meets the screening criteria at this level requires no further analysis and air quality impacts of the project may be deemed less than significant. If a project does not meet all the criteria at this screening level, additional screening is recommended at the Cursory Analysis Level and, if warranted, the Full Analysis Level.

Table 2 below (from GAMAQI 5-3(a), which SJVAPCD recommends using as part of the initial screening process, shows the maximum project size be considered a SPAL project. According to the SPAL categorization, the development of a detached garage / guest house would result in a project size lower than the screening level for SPAL categorization. Therefore, the project meets the SPAL criterion for project type and is excluded from quantifying criteria pollutant emissions for CEQA purposes.

Land Use Category – Housing	Project Size
Single Family	152 Units
Apartments, Low Rise	220 Units
Apartments, High Rise	345 Units
Condominiums, General	270 Units
Condominiums, High Rise	330 Units
Mobile Homes	330 Units
Retirement Community	460 Units

<u>Table 2</u> Small Project Analysis Level (SPAL) by Project Type

Source: SJAPCD-Small Project Analysis Level, pg 2, June 2012

SJVAPCD Regulation VIII mandates requirements, as seen in Table 3, for any type of ground moving activity and would be adhered to during the construction; however, during construction, air quality impacts would be less than SJVAPCD thresholds for non-attainment pollutants and operation of the project would not result in impacts to air quality standards for criteria pollutants. As such, any impacts would be *less than significant*.

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Table 3

Regulation VIII Control Measures for Construction Emissions of PM-10

The following controls are required to be implemented at all construction sites in the San Joaquin Valley Air Basin

- All disturbed areas, including storage piles, which are not being actively utilized for construction purposes, shall be effectively stabilized of dust emissions using water, chemical stabilizer/suppressant, covered with a tarp or other suitable cover or vegetative ground cover.
- All on-site unpaved roads and off-site unpaved access roads shall be effectively stabilized of dust emissions using water or chemical stabilizer/suppressant.
- All land clearing, grubbing, scraping, excavation, land leveling, grading, cut & fill, and demolition activities shall be effectively controlled of fugitive dust emissions utilizing application of water or by presoaking.
- With the demolition of buildings up to six stories in height, all exterior surfaces of the building shall be wetted during demolition.
- When materials are transported off-site, all materials shall be covered, or effectively wetted to limit visible dust emissions, and at least six inches of freeboard space from the top of the container shall be maintained.
- All operations shall limit or expeditiously remove the accumulation of mud or dirt from adjacent public streets at the end of each workday. (The use of dry rotary brushes is expressly prohibited except where preceded or accompanied by sufficient wetting to limit the visible dust emissions). (Use of blower devices is expressly forbidden).
- Following the addition of materials to, or the removal of materials from, the surface of outdoor storage piles, said piles shall be effectively stabilized of fugitive dust emissions utilizing sufficient water or chemical stabilizer/suppressant.
- Within urban areas, trackout shall be immediately removed when it extends 50 or more feet from the site and at the end of each workday.
- Any site with 150 or more vehicle trips per day shall prevent carryout and trackout.
- c) <u>Less-Than-Significant-Impact</u>: The SJVAPCD accounts for cumulative impacts to air quality in its "Guide for Assessing and Mitigating Air Quality Impacts" Technical Document Information for Preparing Air Quality Sections in EIRs" and its "Guide for Assessing and Mitigating Air Quality Impacts". The SJVAPCD considered basin-wide cumulative impacts to air quality when developing its significance thresholds (SJVAPCD, 2002b). The number of vehicle trips per year required to operate the proposed project would be substantially less than expected from a project requiring a quantitative analysis by the SJVAPCD. The operation of the proposed project would result in impacts to air quality form construction/operation of the proposed project are considered to be *less than significant*.

- d) Less-Than-Significant-Impact: Sensitive receptors (a residential neighborhood) to the project area are located directly north, south and west of the project site. The project does not include any project components identified by the California Air Resources Board that could potentially impact any sensitive receptors. These include heavily traveled roads, distribution centers, fueling stations and dry cleaning operations. The proposed project would not expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations and therefore there will be *less than significant impacts*.
 - e) Less-Than-Significant-Impact: The project will create temporary typical construction odors as the project develops. The proposed project will not introduce a conflicting land use (surrounding land includes residential neighborhoods) to the area and will not have any component that would typically emit odors. The project would not create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people and therefore there will be *less than significant impacts*.

IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES

Would the project:	Potentially Significant	Less Than Significant	Less than Significant	No Impact
	Impact	With Mitigation Incorporation	Impact	
 a) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish & Game or U.S. fish and Wildlife Service? 			Ø	
 b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Service? 				Ø
c) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wet-lands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through director removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				Ø
 d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites? 				Ø
e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?			Ø	
 f) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan? 				Ø

Federal, State, and local laws, regulations and policies.

Federal Endangered Species Act (FESA) - defines an *endangered species* as "any species or subspecies that is in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range." A threatened species is defined as "any species or subspecies that is likely to become an endangered species within the foreseeable future throughout all or a significant portion of its range."

Clean Water Act - Section 404 of the Clean Water Act of (1972) is to maintain, restore, and enhance the physical, chemical, and biological integrity of the nation's waters. Under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) regulates discharges of dredged and fill materials into "waters of the United States" (jurisdictional waters). Waters of the US including navigable waters of the United States, interstate waters, tidally influenced waters, and all other waters where the use, degradation, or destruction of the waters could affect interstate or foreign commerce, tributaries to any of these waters, and wetlands that meet any of these criteria or that are adjacent to any of these waters or their tributaries.

California Endangered Species Act (CESA) – prohibits the take of any state-listed threatened and endangered species. CESA defines *take* as "any action or attempt to hunt, pursue, catch, capture, or kill any listed species." If the proposed project results in a take of a listed species, a permit pursuant to Section 2080 of CESA is required from the CDFG.

Discussion:

a) Less Than Significant Impact

The project site currently has one home on the site and surrounded by urban development on all sides. There are no linkage corridors. As such, no habitat for sensitive species exists on the site and therefor impacts would be less than significant.

- b) **No Impact:** As identified in the Windmill EIR, the project site in not located within or adjacent to an identified sensitive riparian habitat or other natural community. Therefore, the proposed project would have *no impact* to riparian habitat.
- c) <u>No Impact:</u> As identified in the Windmill EIR, there are no known wetlands located in or around the project site as reviewed on the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetlands Inventory map. Therefore, the project will have *no impact* on federally protected wetlands as defined in Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.
- d) **No Impact:** As identified in the Windmill EIR, there are no identified migratory corridors on or near the site. Therefore, the proposed project would have *no impacts*.
- e) <u>Less Than Significant Impact</u>: The City of Tulare has an oak tree preservation policy according to Tulare Municipal Code 8.52.100 (Preservation of Heritage Trees). It is not anticipated that the project will require removal of oak trees. However, if oak trees are removed, replacement and/or replanting shall be done in accordance with the City's municipal code. Any impacts would be *less than significant*.
- f) **No Impact:** There are no local or regional habitat conservation plans for the area and *no impacts* would occur.

V. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Would the project:	Potentially	Less Than	Less than	No
	Significant	Significant	Significant	Impact
	Impact	With	Impact	
		Mitigation		
		Incorporation		
a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in Section 15064.5?			Ø	
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to Section 15064.5?			Ø	
 c) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature? 			V	
 d) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries? 			Ø	

Discussion:

a-d) Less Than Significant Impact There are no known historical, archaelogical, or paleontological sites identified on the subject site. There could be previously undiscovered subsurface resources present. Should potential subsurface resources be found upon excavation, all work will be required to be halted whereby the City will be immediately notified. Necessary measures, such as consulting with an archaeologist, wold take place prior to construction resuming. The project will be conditioned to define the process for the protection of resources, if found, and to protect any significant resources, if warranted." Thus, the impact is *less than significant.*

VI. GEOLOGY AND SOILS

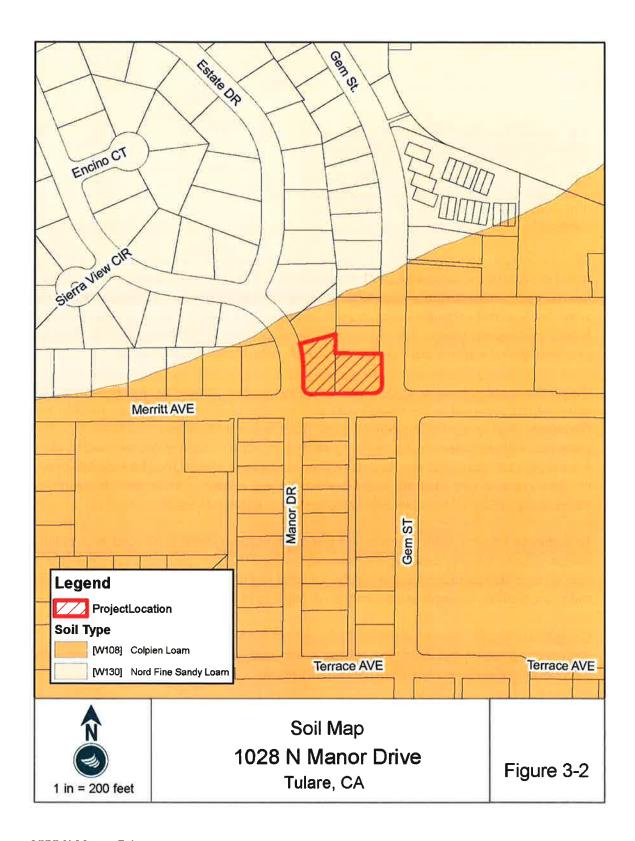
Would the project:	Potentially	Less Than	Less than	No
	Significant	Significant	Significant	Impact
	Impact	With	Impact	
		Mitigation		
		Incorporation		
 a) Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a know fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42. 			Ø	
ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?			M	
iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				
iv) Landslides?				Ø
b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?			Ø	
c) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?			Ŋ	
d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18- 1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				Ø
e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?			Ø	

Discussion:

a-i and ii) Less Than Significant Impact: According to the City of Tulare General Plan EIR, no active faults underlay the project site. Although the project is located in an area of low seismic activity, the project could be affected by ground shaking from nearby faults. The potential for strong seismic ground shaking on the project site is not a significant environmental concern due to the infrequent seismic activity of the area and distance to the faults. Furthermore, the proposed project would not expose people to seismic ground shaking beyond the conditions that currently exist throughout the project area.

The project would be constructed to the standards of the most recent seismic Uniform Building and Safety Code (UBSC). Compliance with these design standards will ensure potential impacts related to strong seismic ground shaking would be *less than significant*.

- a-iii) Less-Than-Significant-Impact: Liquefaction is a phenomenon whereby unconsolidated and/or near-saturated soils lose cohesion and are converted to a fluid state as a result of severe vibratory motion. The relatively rapid loss of soil shear strength during strong earthquake shaking results in temporary, fluid-like behavior of the soil. The project area does not contain soils suitable for liquefaction. Furthermore, soil conditions on the site are not prone to soil instability due to their moderate shrink-swell behavior. The impact would be *less than significant*.
- a-iv) **No Impact:** The project site is generally flat and previously disturbed. There are no hill slopes in the area and no potential for landslides. No geologic landforms exist on or near the site that would result in a landslide event. There would be *no impact.*
- b) <u>Less-Than-Significant-Impact</u>: Construction activities may result in a temporary loss of topsoil, however, there is a requirement for a grading plan and a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan to mitigate soil erosion impacts. Implementation of adopted management practices and compliance with the SJVAPCD standard measures will ensure that these impacts remain *less than significant*.
- c) <u>Less-Than-Significant-Impact</u>: Substantial grade change would not occur in the topography to the point where the project would expose people or structures to potential adverse effects on, or offsite, such as landslides, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse. The impact would be *less than significant*.
- d) **No Impact:** No subsidence-prone soils, oil or gas production exists at the project site. The soils within the area are described as sandy loam and colpien loam soils which are not prone to soil instability due to their moderate shrink-swell. There would be *no impact*.
- e) Less-Than-Significant-Impact: The project would connect to the City's existing wastewater conveyance and treatment system. No septic system or alternative wastewater treatment is proposed. The project would not generate a significant increase in wastewater discharge. Therefore, the project would not require alternative wastewater treatment facilities and would result in a *less than significant impact*.



VII. GREENHOUSE [AC1] GAS EMISSIONS

Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment.	D		Ø	
b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				Ø

Climate Change - (also referred to as Global Climate change) is sometimes used to refer to all forms of climatic inconsistency, but because the earth's climate is never static, the term is more properly used to imply a significant change from one climatic condition to another. In some cases, climate change has been used synonymously with the term "global warming." Scientists however, tend to use the term in the wider sense to address uneven patterns of predicted global warning and cooling and include natural changes in climate.

Global Warming - refers to an increase in the near surface temperature of the earth. Global warming has occurred in the distant past as the result of natural influences, but the term is commonly used to refer to the warming predicted to occur because of increased emissions of greenhouse gases. Scientists generally agree that the earth's surface has warmed by about 1° F in the past 140 years, but warming is not predicted evenly around the globe. Due to predicted changes in the ocean currents, some places that are currently moderated by warm ocean currents are predicted to fall into deep freeze as the pattern changes.

Greenhouse Effect - is the warming of the earth's atmosphere attributed to a buildup of carbon dioxide (CO_2) or other gases; some scientists think that this build-up allows the sun's rays to heat the earth, while making the infrared radiation atmosphere opaque to infrared radiation, thereby preventing a counterbalancing loss of heat.

Greenhouse Gases - are those that absorb infrared radiation in the atmosphere. GHG include water vapor, CO_2 , methane, nitrous oxide (N_2O), halogenated fluorocarbons, ozone, per fluorinated carbons PFCs), and hydroflurocarbons.

Discussion:

a) Less-Than-Significant-Impact:

Construction: Greenhouse gas emissions, generated during construction, would include activities such as site preparation, grading, the construction of the building, paving, etc. The District does not have a recommendation for assessing the significance to

construction-related emissions. Construction activities occurring before 2020, the year when the State is required to reduce its GHG emissions to 1990 levels, are therefore considered *less than significant*.

Operation: The project will include minimal long-term emissions over the lifetime of the project relating to increased energy consumption.

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency published a rule for the mandatory reporting of greenhouse gases (GHG) from sources that in general emit 25,000 metric tons or more of carbon dioxide equivalent (CO₂e) per year. Project GHG emissions were calculated using CalEEMod based on 0.29 acres of low density residential development. This project is estimated to produce 17.29 metric tons per year CO₂e, which is well below the 25,000 metric tons action threshold for greenhouse gas emissions. Additionally, the City of Tulare has prepared a Climate Action Plan outlining greenhouse gas emissions are considered *less than significant.*

b) <u>No Impact</u>: California State Legislature, in 2006 enacted AB32, the California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006. AB 32 focuses on reducing greenhouse gas emissions in California. See VII.a) above. Projects implementing of Best Performance Standards and SJVAPCD Regulation VIII would be determined to have a less than significant individual and cumulative impact on global climate change. The project does not conflict with any applicable plan, policy, or regulation of an agency adopted for reducing GHG emissions. There would be *no impact*.

VIII. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS

Would the project:	Potentially Significant	Less Than Significant	Less than Significant	No Impact
	Impact	With	Impact	
		Mitigation		
		Incorporation		
 a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials? 			Ø	
b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				Ø
 c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school? 			Ø	
d) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				Ø
e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				Ŋ
f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				Ø
g) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
h) Expose people or structures to significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				

Discussion:

- a) <u>Less-Than-Significant-Impact</u>: Project construction activities may involve the use and transport of hazardous materials. The use of such materials would be considered minimal and would not require these materials to be stored in bulk form. The project does not involve the use or storage of hazardous substances other than the small amounts of pesticides, fertilizers, and cleaning agents required for normal maintenance of structures and landscaping. The project must adhere to applicable zoning and fire regulations regarding the use and storage of any hazardous substances. Further, there is no evidence that the site has been used for underground storage of hazardous materials. Therefore, the proposed project will have *less than significant impacts* to hazardous materials.
- b) <u>No Impact</u>: There is no reasonably foreseeable condition or incident involving the project that could result in release of hazardous materials into the environment. There are *no impacts*.
- c) <u>Less-Than-Significant-Impact</u>: The project is located within ¼ mile of a school, however there is no reasonably foreseeable condition or incident involving the project that could affect existing or proposed school sites or areas within ¼ mile of school sites. The project does not involve the use or storage of hazardous substances other than the small amounts of pesticides, fertilizers, and cleaning agents required for normal maintenance of structures and landscaping. There are *less than significant impacts*.
- d) <u>No Impact</u>: The project site is not listed as a hazardous materials site pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and is not included on a list compiled by the Department of Toxic Substances Control. There would be *no impact*.
- e) **<u>No Impact</u>**: The proposed project is not located within two miles of a public airport or private airstrip. There would be *no impact*.
- f) **No Impact:** There are no private airstrips in the vicinity of the proposed project. Based on the absence of any private airstrips, there would be *no impact* from private airstrips.
- g) <u>No Impact</u>: The City's design and environmental review procedures shall ensure compliance with emergency response and evacuation plans. In addition, the site plan will be reviewed by the Fire Department per standard City procedure to ensure consistency with emergency response and evacuation needs. Therefore, the proposed project would have *no impact* on emergency evacuation.
- h) **No Impact:** The land surrounding the project site is developed with urban and suburban uses. The site is currently disturbed and vegetation is absent. Therefore, the proposed project would have *no impact* to wildland fires.

IX. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY

Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
		Incorporation		
a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				
b) Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g. the production rate of preexisting nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land use or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				
c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner, which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off- site?			Ø	
d) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or mount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on or off-site?			Ø	
e) Create or contribute runoff water, which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?			Ø	
f) Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				
g) Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				Ø
h) Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures, which would impede or redirect flood flows?				V
i) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?				Ø
j) Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?				Ŋ

1028 N Manor Drive

Discussion:

- a) <u>Less-Than-Significant-Impact</u>: The project itself will not violate any water quality standards of waste discharge requirements. The project will tie into an existing sewer line within N Manor Drive or E Merritt Avenue and discharge to the City's wastewater treatment plant. The Public Works department will regularly monitor the waste water discharge to meet City requirements. This project will have minimal impacts on the water quality and waste discharge requirements and therefore there will be a *less than significant impact*.
- b) Less-Than-Significant-Impact: The proposed project would connect to the City's water system. Development of detached garage / guest house on the project site will result in a minimal increase in water use from its previous residential use. In addition, the City's Urban Water Management plan includes the project site and is therefore accounted for in future water use estimates. Therefore, the proposed project would not substantially deplete ground water supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge. The project will result in Less than significant impacts.
- c) <u>No Impact</u>: The proposed project will maintain the existing drainage pattern and there are no rivers, streams, or other water courses that will be impacted with the development of this project, and therefore there will be *no impact*.

d) <u>Less-Than-Significant-Impact:</u>

The proposed project will maintain the existing drainage pattern and there are no rivers, streams, or other water courses that will be impacted with the development of this project. The on-site storm water collection shall meet City standards for capacity. As such, the potential for flooding on or off-site as a result of the project is considered *less than significant*.

- e) <u>Less-Than-Significant-Impact</u>: The proposed project would drain into the existing storm water collection system. Construction and grading activities would create a potential for surface water to carry sediment from onsite erosion into the storm water system and downstream waterways. However, implementation of adopted management practices and compliance with the provisions of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit will ensure that these impacts remain *less than significant*.
- f) <u>Less-Than-Significant-Impact</u>: The project is not a source which would otherwise create substantial degradation of water quality and would be considered a less than significant impact.
- g,h) <u>No Impact:</u> The site is not within a 100-year flood hazard zone (FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map, Panel 0650660650B). There is *no impact.*

- i) <u>No Impact:</u> The proposed project is located in a relatively flat area and is not located near any levees or dams. The two closest dams that could cause flooding are Terminus Dam and Success Dam, both of which are located more than 20 miles away. Although there are numerous Tulare Irrigation District Canals located throughout the City of Tulare, the canals do not include storage of large amounts of aboveground water that could be released suddenly due to a structural failure. Therefore, the proposed project would not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam. *No impact* would occur.
- j) <u>No Impact</u>: The proposed project is located inland and not near an ocean or large body of water, therefore, would not be affected by a tsunami. The proposed project is located in a relatively flat area and would not be impacted by inundation related to mudflow. Therefore, the proposed project would have *no impact* to seiche, tsunami, or mudflow.

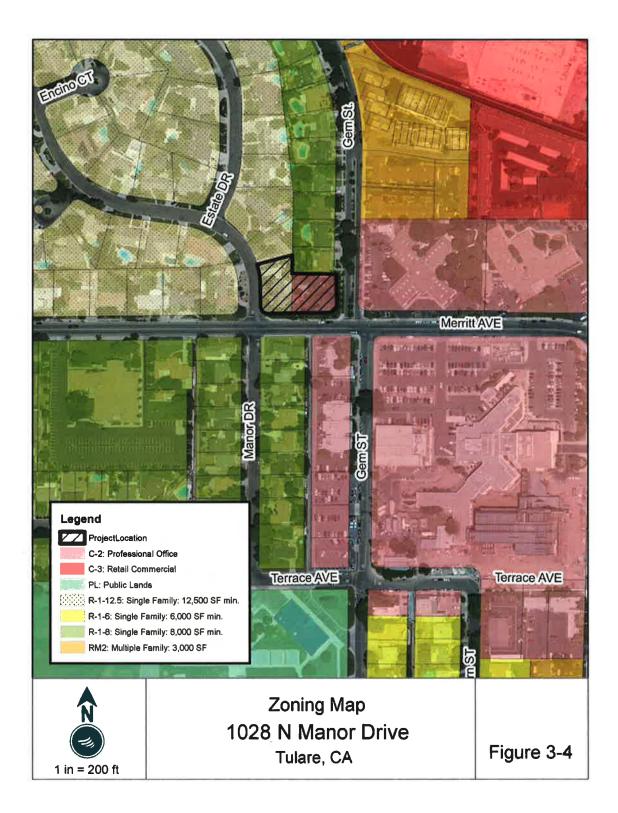


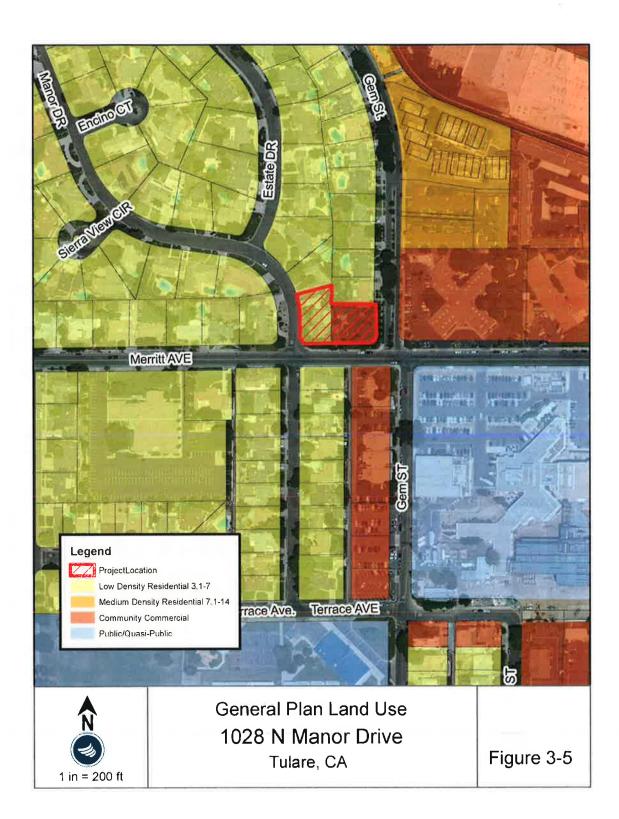
X. LAND USE AND PLANNING

Would the project:	Potentially	Less Than	Less than	No
	Significant	Significant	Significant	Impact
	Impact	With	Impact	
		Mitigation		
		Incorporation		
 a) Physically divide an established community? 				
b) Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?			Ø	
c) Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				Ø

Discussion:

- a) **No Impact**: The proposed project will not physically divide an established community and there will be *no impacts*.
- b) Less Than Significant Impact: A portion of the project site is located within a commercially zoned area and is proposing a tentative parcel map with zone change and general plan amendment (from C-2 to R-1-12.5). While the project would conflict with the current City of Tulare General Plan 2030, the proposed land use amendments for are compatible with the surrounding land uses (multi-family and single-family residential), and therefore would create less than significant impacts.
- c) **No Impact**: A review of the City's General Plan indicates the project site is not within an adopted or proposed conservation plan area. There would be *no impact* to an adopted or proposed conservation plan area.





XI. MINERAL RESOURCES

Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				Ø
 b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally - important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other lands use plan? 				Ø

Discussion:

a,b) **No Impact:** There are no known mineral resources of importance to the region and the project site is not designated under the City's General Plan as an important mineral resource recovery site. Therefore, the proposed project would not result in the loss or impede the mining of regionally or locally important mineral resources and less than significant impact would result. There is *no impact*.

XII. NOISE

Would the project:	Potentially Significant	Less Than Significant	Less than Significant	No Impact
	Impact	With	Impact	impact
	Impact		impact	
		Mitigation		
a) Evenerus of persons to as concretion		Incorporation		
a) Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards			Ø	
established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards				
of other agencies?				
b) Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or groundborne noise levels?			Ø	
c) A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
d) A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?			Ø	
e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				Ø
f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				Ø

The County of Tulare's Noise Element was adopted in 1988 to protect the citizens of the City of Tulare from harmful effects of exposure to excessive noise and to protect the economic base of the City by preventing the encroachment of incompatible land uses near known noise-producing industries, railroads, airports and other sources. Noise is defined as unwanted or excessive sound. Sound is a variation in air pressure that the human ear can detect. This pressure is measured within the human hearing range as decibels on the A scale (dBA). As the pressure of sound waves increases, the sound appears louder and the dBA level increases logarithmically. A noise level of 120 dB represents a million fold increases in sound pressure above the 0 dB level.

Discussion:

a) <u>Less-than-Significant-Impact</u>: The proposed project will result in an increase in noise levels due to construction, however long term noise level increases are not expected.

Therefore, exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the General Plan would be *less-than-significant*.

- b) <u>Less-Than-Significant-Impact</u>: Operation of the proposed detached garage / guest house will not result in excessive ground-borne vibration. Therefore, there would be a *less-than-significant* impact.
- c) <u>Less-Than-Significant-Impact</u>: Because the project will not increase the number of residents on the project site or generate significant activity, the proposed project will not result in an increase in ambient noise levels. Therefore, the increase in ambient noise would be *less than significant*.
- d) Less-Than-Significant-Impact: Construction activities associated with implementation of the proposed project could temporarily increase ambient noise levels. Typical construction equipment would include scrapers, backhoes, drilling rigs and miscellaneous equipment (i.e. pneumatic tools, generators and portable air compressors). Typical noise levels generated by this type of construction equipment at various distances from the noise source are scraper, dump truck, water, truck, backhoe, and generator. High noise levels resulting from construction activities generally would be limited to daytime hours. The City's Ordinance requires noise-producing equipment used during construction shall be restricted to the hours of 6:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. These noise levels would be intermittent and short term, and would be considered *less than significant*.
- e) **No Impact:** There are no private or public airstrips in the vicinity of the proposed project. Based on the absence of any airstrips, there would be *no impact*.
- f) **No Impact:** There are no private or public airstrips in the vicinity of the proposed project. Based on the absence of any airstrips, there would be *no impact*.

XIII. POPULATION AND HOUSING

Would the project:	Potentially	Less Than	Less than	No
	Significant	Significant	Significant	Impact
	Impact	With	Impact	
		Mitigation		
		Incorporation		
a) Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by new homes and businesses) or directly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				
 b) Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere? 				
c) Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				Ø

Discussion:

a,b,c) **No Impact:** The addition of the project will not result in an increase of persons to the City of Tulare. The garage / guest house is not intended to serve as a permanent residence. There are no existing structures that will be removed and no individuals will be displaced because of the project. Therefore, the impact is *no impact*.

XIV. PUBLIC SERVICES

 Would the project: a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable serve ratios, response times of other performance objectives for any of the public services: 	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
a. Fire protection?			$\mathbf{\nabla}$	
b. Police protection?			1 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
c. Schools?				Ø
d. Parks?				Ŋ
e. Other public facilities?				

Discussion:

- a. <u>Less-Thank Significant-Impact</u>: The City of Tulare will provide fire protection services to the project site. To offset the impact to the City's Fire Department, the project Applicant will be required to pay impact/development fees. The impact is therefore *less than significant*.
- b. <u>Less-Than- Significant-Impact</u>: The City of Tulare will provide police protection services to the project site. To offset the impact to the City's Police Department, the project Applicant will be required to pay impact/development fees. The impact is therefore *less than significant*.
- c. **No Impact:** Because the project will not result in additional residents, the project will not increase the number of students in the school district. Therefore, there is *no impact*.
- d. <u>No Impact:</u> : The City standard is currently 5.0 acres of parkland per 1,000 population. Because the project will not result in additional residents, the project will not create need for additional parkland. Therefore, there is no *impact*.
- e. <u>Less-Thank Significant-Impact</u>: The proposed project would connect to the City's water and sewer systems. The project will also collect and discharge stormwater to an existing basin that can accommodate a small increase. The impact is therefore *less than significant*.

XV. PARKS AND RECREATION

Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				Ø
b) Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				Ø

Discussion:

- a) **No Impact:** The City standard is currently 5.0 acres of parkland per 1,000 population. Because the project will not result in additional residents, the project will not create need for additional parkland. Therefore, there is no *impact*.
- b) Less Than Significant Impact: There are no parkland or recreational facilities associated with the project. The City standard is currently 5.0 acres of parkland per 1,000 population. Because the project will not result in additional residents, the project will not create need for additional parkland. Therefore, there is no *impact*.

XVI. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC

Would the project:	Potentially	Less Than	Less than	No
	Significant	Significant	Significant	Impact
	Impact	With	Impact	
		Mitigation		
		Incorporation		
a) Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?				Ø
b) Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standard and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?				Ø
c) Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that result in substantial safety risks?				Ø
d) Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?			Ø	
e) Result in inadequate emergency access?				Ø
f) Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?				Ø

Because the project will not result in additional residents, the project will not create need for additional parkland. Therefore, there is no *impact*.

Discussion:

a) **No Impact:** Because the project will not result in additional residents, the construction of a detached garage / guest house would not result in additional vehicle miles traveled. There will be *no impact* to existing or future traffic operations in the project vicinity.

- b) **No Impact:** The project will not conflict with an applicable congestion management program. As stated in (a) the project will have *no impact* on vehicle miles traveled or Level of Service.
- c) **No Impact:** The project will have *no impact* on air traffic patterns.
- d) <u>Less -Than-Significant-Impact</u>: The proposed project includes the addition of a driveway from East Merrit Ave. This driveway will be constructed in compliance with Resolution No. 16-58 of the City Improvement Standards for parking and driveways and the impacts will be *less than significant*.
- e) **No Impact:** Emergency access to the site would be via N Manor Drive. Access along this road is not expected to be impacted by the proposed project. The project would not result in inadequate emergency access and there would be *no impacts*.
- f) **No Impact**: The project would not conflict with any other travel policies plans or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities. There would be *no impact*.

XVII. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS

Would the project:	Potentially	Less Than	Less than	No
	Significant	Significant	Significant	Impact
	Impact	With	Impact	impuct
	Impact	Mitigation	impact	
		-		
		Incorporation		
a) Exceed wastewater treatment				
requirements of the applicable Regional				
Water Quality Control Board?				
b) Require or result in the construction of new water or waste-water treatment				
facilities or expansion of existing facilities,				
the construction of which could cause				
significant environmental effects?				
c) Require or result in the construction of				
new storm water drainage facilities or				
expansion of existing facilities, the				
construction of which could cause				
significant environmental effects:				
d) Have sufficient water supplies available				
to serve the project from existing				
entitlements and resources, or are new or				
expanded entitlements needed?				
e) Result in a determination by the			Ø	
wastewater treatment provider which				
serves or may serve the project that it has				
adequate capacity to serve the project's				
projected demand in addition to the				
provider's existing commitments?				
f) Be serve by a landfill with sufficient				
permitted capacity to accommodate the				
project's solid waste disposal needs?				
g) Comply with federal, state, and local				
statutes and regulations related to solid				
waste?				

Discussion:

a,b) Less Than Significant Impact: During construction, the project will utilize portable restroom facilities that will be provided by the construction contractor for the construction workers. The wastewater would be contained within the portable unit and disposed of at an approved site according to regulations. The project itself will not violate any water quality standards of waste discharge requirements. The project will tie into an existing sewer line within Gem St. and discharge to the City's wastewater treatment plant. The Public Works department will regularly monitor the waste water discharge to meet City requirements. This project will have minimal impacts on the water quality and waste discharge requirements and therefore there will be a *less than significant impact*.

- c) Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project will alter the existing drainage pattern with the development of the detached garage / guest house and secondary driveway. However, the storm water will be collected and discharged into the existing storm water system off Merrit Ave. There are no rivers, streams, or other water courses that will be impacted with the development of this project, and therefore impacts will be less than significant.
- d) <u>Less-Than-Significant-Impact</u>: The proposed project would connect to the City's water system. The City's Urban Water Management plan includes the project site at full build out and is therefore accounted for in future water use estimates. Therefore, the proposed project would not substantially deplete ground water supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge. *Less than significant impacts.*
- e) <u>Less-Than-Significant-Impact</u>: The proposed project will connect to the City's sewer connection along N Manor Drive which will provide adequate capacity for the proposed project and will have impacts *less than significant*.
- f) <u>Less-Than-Significant-Impact</u>: The City of Tulare disposes of its solid waste at the Woodville Disposal Site, 10 miles southeast of the City. The landfill has sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid was disposal needs. Any impacts would be *less than significant*.
- g) <u>Less-Than-Significant-Impact</u>: The proposed project would be serviced by an existing waste handling service, provided by the City of Tulare. The Woodville Landfill that would serve the proposed project also conforms to all applicable statutes and regulations. The proposed project would comply with the adopted policies related to solid waste, and would comply with all applicable federal, state, and local statutes and regulations pertaining to disposal of solid waste, including recycling. Therefore, the proposed project would result in *less than significant impact* to solid waste regulations.

Would the project: Potentially Less Than Less than No Significant Significant Significant Impact Impact With Impact Mitigation Incorporation a) Does the project have the potential to \square degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory? b) Does the project have impacts that $\mathbf{\nabla}$ are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)? Does the project have environmental П C) effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?

XVIII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Discussion:

- a) <u>Less-Than-Significant-Impact</u>: This initial study/mitigated negative declaration found the project would not have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment or have significant adverse impacts to fish and wild life or plant species including special status species are not anticipated or reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal. Impacts would be *less than significant*.
- b) Less-Than-Significant-Impact: CEQA Guidelines Section 15064(i) states that a Lead Agency shall consider whether the cumulative impact of a project is significant and whether the effects of the project are cumulatively considerable. The assessment of the significance of the cumulative effects of a project must, therefore, be conducted in connection with the effects of past projects, other current projects, and probable future projects. Due to the nature of the project and consistency with environmental policies, incremental contributions to impacts are considered less than cumulatively considerable. The proposed project would not contribute substantially to adverse cumulative conditions, or create any substantial indirect impacts (i.e., increase in

population could lead to an increase need for housing, increase in traffic, air pollutants, etc). Impacts would be *less than significant*.

c) <u>Less-Than-Significant-Impact</u>: The analyses of environmental issues contained in this Initial Study indicate that the project is not expected to have substantial impact on human beings, either directly or indirectly. Mitigation measures have been incorporated in the project design to reduce all potentially significant impacts to less than significant, which results in a *less than significant* impact to this checklist item.

Supporting Information and Sources

- 1) Tulare General Plan, Land Use Element (1993)
- 2) City of Tulare Zoning Ordinance
- 3) Final Program EIR Land Use and Circulation Element Update (SCH 89062606)
- 4) SJVAPCD Regulations and Guidelines
- 5) Tulare General Plan, Housing Element (December 2003)
- 6) Tulare General Plan Seismic-Safety Element
- 7) Tulare County Seismic Element, Volume I and II
- 8) Flood Insurance Rate Maps
- 9) Tulare General Plan, Circulation Element
- 10) Tulare General Plan, Noise Element
- **11)** *City of Tulare Sewer Systems Master Plan (June 1991)*
- **12)** (Draft) City of Tulare Sewer Systems Master Plan (2008)
- **13)** Engineering Standards, City of Tulare
- 14) City of Tulare's Municipal Code
- **15)** Tulare Heritage Tree Ordinance
- **16)** Tulare County Environmental Resources Management Element
- **17)** Source Reduction and Recycling Element
- **18)** City of Tulare Urban Water Management Plan (December 2007)
- **19)** City of Tulare Water System Master Plan) (2008)
- 20) CalTrans, encroachment permit
- 21) City of Tulare Emergency Response Plan
- 22) Tulare Municipal Airport-Mefford Field Master Plan, (February 2005)
- 23) Tulare County Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan
- 25) California Air Resources Board's (CARB's) Air Quality and Land Use Handbook
- 26) 2008 (California Environmental Quality Act CEQA Guidelines
- 27) The Five County Seismic Safety Element
- **28)** California Building Code
- **30)** California Stormwater Pollution Prevention Program (SWPPP)
- **31)** Government Code Section 65962.5
- 32) California Environmental Protection Agency (CEPA)

SECTION 4 REFERENCES

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California Environmental Quality Act Document

Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration for Tulare Apartments within City of Tulare

SECTION 4

References

California Geological Survey, Special Publications 42 – Fault Rupture Hazard Zones in California, <u>http://www.consrv.ca.gov/cgs/rghm/ap/Pages/affected.aspx</u>, May 1, 1999

California San Joaquin Air Pollution Control District, Current Regulations <u>http://www.valleyair.org/rules/1ruleslist.htm</u>

California Department of Transportation, Scenic Highway Routes, http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/LandArch/scenic highways/index.htm

Federal Emergency Management Agency, Flood Insurance Rate Maps <u>http://msc.fema.gov/webapp/wcs/stores/servlet/FemaWelcomeView?storeId=10001&catalogid</u> =10001&langId=-1

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conversation Service <u>http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/HomePage.htm</u>

Construction General Permit Fact Sheet, pg 11. California Environmental Protection Agency, State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Water Quality; 2009. <u>http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water_issues/programs/stormwater/docs/constpermits/wqo_2009_0009_complete.pdf</u>

Fire Hazard Severity Zones in State Responsibility Area. California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, Fire and Resource Assessment Program; 7 November 2007. <u>http://frap.fire.ca.gov/webdata/maps/tulare/fhszs_map.54.pdf</u>

Tulare City 2035 General Plan Land Use Element <u>http://www.tulare.ca.gov/departments/community-development/development-</u> <u>services/planning/2035-tulare-general-plan</u>

Tulare City Zoning Ordinance Chapter 17 Zoning http://www.amlegal.com/codes/client/tulare ca/ *Tulare County General Plan*, Chapter 8: Environmental Resources Management, Section 8.2: Mineral Resources, pg 8-2, Figure 8.2; August 2012.

http://generalplan.co.tulare.ca.us/documents/GP/001Adopted%20Tulare%20County%20General%20Plan%20Plan%20OMaterials/000General%20Plan%202030%20Part%20I%20and%20Part%20II/General%20Plan%202012.pdf

LIST OF REPORT PREPARERS

SECTION 5

California Environmental Quality Act Document

Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration for 1028 N Manor Drive within City of Tulare

SECTION 5

List of Report Preparers and Persons/Agencies Consulted

List of Preparers

4-Creeks Inc.

- David Duda, AICP, GISP, Contract City Planner
- Aaron Carpenter, Associate Planner
- Molly McDonnel, Assistant Planner

Persons and Agencies Consulted

The following individuals and agencies contributed to this Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration:

City of Tulare

- Rob Hunt, Community Development Director
- Traci Myers, Deputy Community Development Director
- Michael Miller, PE, City Engineer

California Historic Resources Information System

Celeste Thomson, Coordinator

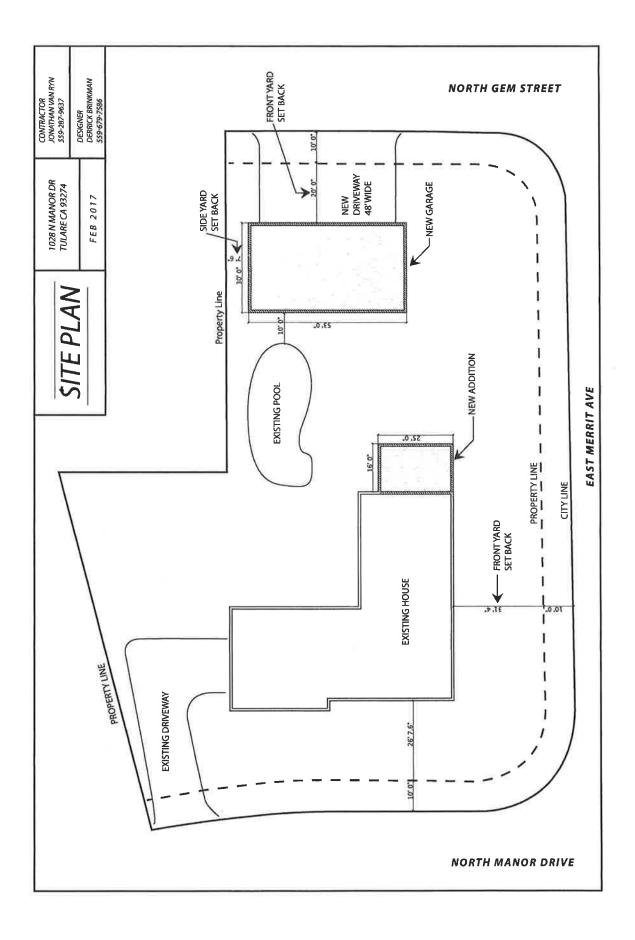
4-Creeks Inc.

• Wally Hutchenson, TE, Traffic Engineer

WJV Acoustics, Inc.

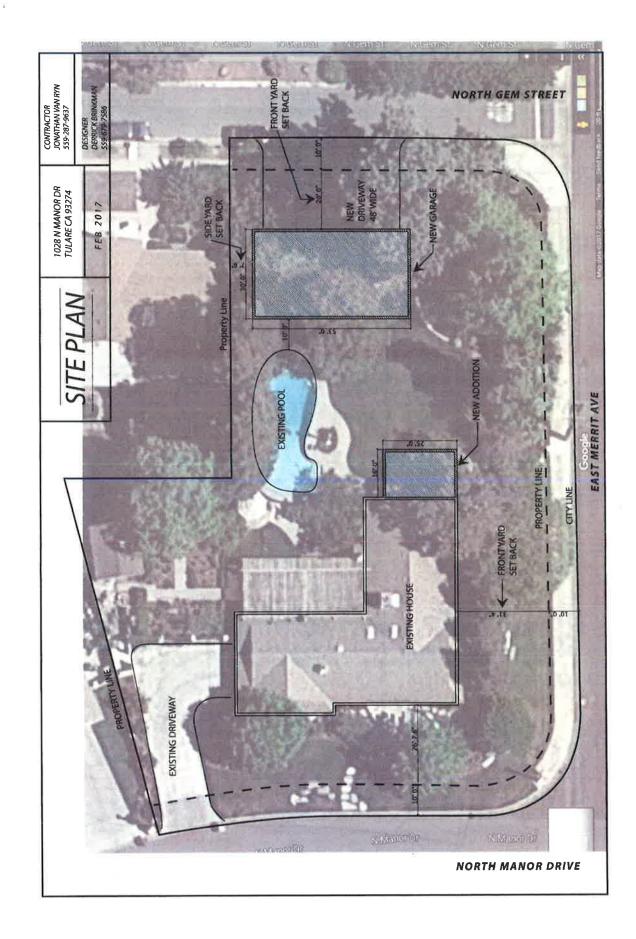
Walter J. Van Groningen

APPENDIX A SITE PLAN



9

 $\langle (\mathbf{a}) \rangle$

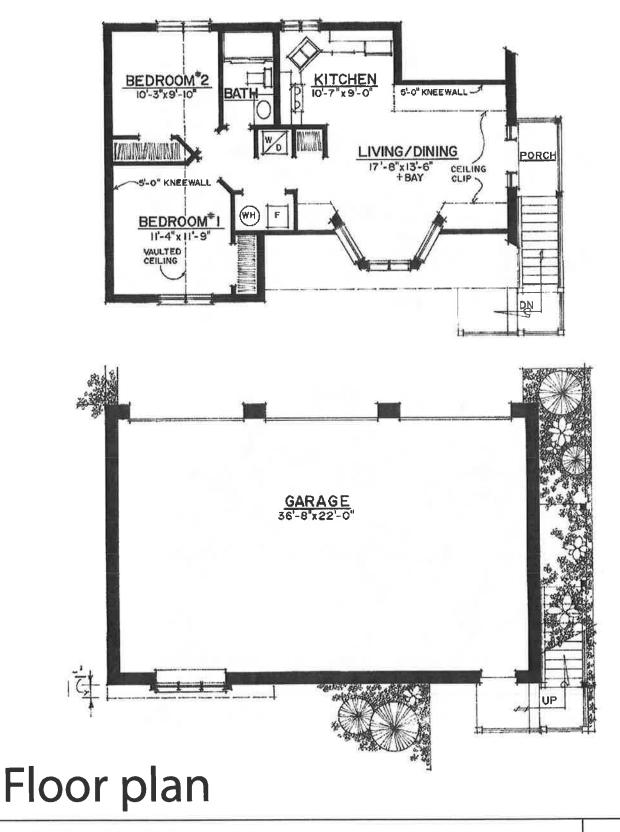


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Design

102**6** N Manor, Tulare CA 93274



1028 N Manor, Tulare CA 93274

AIR QUALITY / CALEEMOD OUTPUT DATA

APPENDIX B

CalEEMod Version: CalEEMod.2016.3.1

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1028 N Manor

Tulare County, Annual

1.0 Project Characteristics

1.1 Land Usage

Land Uses

Population

Lot Acreage Floor Surface Area

Metric

Size

and the second se	and the second second second second	Compare and a first of	the second s				
Single Fam	Single Family Housing	1.00		Dwelling Unit	0.29	1,800.00	3
1.2 Other Proje	1.2 Other Project Characteristics	ø		Res d		c	
Urbanization	Urban	Wind Speed (m/s)	2.2	Precipitation Freq (Days)	/s) 51		
Climate Zone	e			Operational Year	2019		
Utility Company							
CO2 Intensity (Ib/MWhr)	o	CH4 Intensity (Ib/MWhr)	0	N2O Intensity (Ib/MWhr)	0		
1.3 User Enter	1.3 User Entered Comments & Non-Default Data	lon-Default Data					

Project Characteristics -

Land Use - Lot used for Detached garage / guest house

Construction Phase -

Vehicle Trips - Dwelling used as a guest house. There will be no regular additional occupancy as a result of this project

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Table Name	Column Name	Default Value	New Value
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseEndDate	6/30/2017	11/17/2017
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseEndDate	6/30/2017	7/14/2017
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseEndDate	6/30/2017	1/1/2018
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseEndDate	6/30/2017	7/7/2017
tblConstructionPhase	PhaseEndDate	6/30/2017	7/3/2017
tblLandUse	LotAcreage	0.32	0.29
tblProjectCharacteristics	OperationalYear	2018	2019
tblWoodstoves	NumberCatalytic	0.29	0:00
tblWoodstoves	NumberNoncatalytic	0.29	0.00

2.0 Emissions Summary

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2.1 Overall Construction

Unmitigated Construction

137.1079	0.000	0.0320	136.3078	136.3078 136.3078	0.0000	0.1188	0.0900	0.0287	0.1515	0.0960	0.0555	1.5000e-0 003	1.0148	1.4066	0.1568	Maximum
0.5694	0.0000	1.0000e- (004	0.5668	0.5668	0.0000	0.0274	3.0000e- 0. 004	0.0271	0.0497	3.1000e- 004	0.0494	1.0000e- 005	4.1000e- 003	5.6000e- 4.7400e- 4.1000e- 004 003 003	5.6000e- 004	2018
137.1079	0.0000	0.0320	136.3078	136.3078	0.0000	0.1188	0060.0	0.0287	0.1515	0960.0	0.0555	1.0148 1.5000e- 003	1.0148	1.4066	0.1568	2017
	10.00	/yr	MT/yr							tons/yr	ton					Year
CO2e	N2O	CH4	Total CO2	NBio- CO2	Bio- CO2	PM2.5 Total Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	Exhaust PM2.5	Fugitive PM2.5	PM10 Total	Exhaust PM10	Fugitive PM10	S02	S	NOX	ROG	

Mitigated Construction

0 CO2e		00 137,1078	00 0.5694	0.0000 137.1078	CO2e	0.00
N2O		0.0000	0.0000		N20	0.00
CH4	MT/yr	0.0320	1.0000e- 004	0.0320	CH4	0.00
Total CO2	Þ	136.3077	0.5668	136.3077	Total CO2	0.00
NBio-CO2		136,3077 136.3077 0.0320	0.5668	136.3077	VBio-CO2	0.00
Bio-CO2		0,0000	0.0000	0.000	Bio- CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2	0.00
Exhaust PM2.5 Total Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2 PM2.5		0.1188	0.0274	0.1188	PM2.5 Total	0.00
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0900	3.0000e- 004	0060.0	Exhaust PM2.5	0.00
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0287	0.0271	0.0287	Fugitive PM2.5	0.00
PM10 Total		0.1515	0.0497	0.1515	PM10 Total	0.00
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	0.0960	3.1000e- 004	0.0960	Exhaust PM10	0.00
Fugitive PM10	ton	0.0555	0.0494	0.0555	Fugitive PM10	0.00
S02		1.5000e- 003	- 1.0000e- C	1.5000e- 003	\$02	00.0
8		1.0148	4.1000e- 003	1.0148	8	0.00
NOX		1.4066	5.6000e- 4.7400e- 004 003	1.4066	NOX	0.00
ROG		0.1568	5.6000e- 004	0.1568	ROG	0.01
	Year	2017	2018	Maximum		Percent Reduction

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Quarter	Start Date	End Date	Maximum UnmitIgated ROG + NOX (tons/quarter)	Maximum Mittgated ROG + NOX (tons/quarter)
-	7-1-2017	9-30-2017	0.9495	0.9495
2	10-1-2017	12-31-2017	0.6294	0.6294
£	1-1-2018	3-31-2018	0,0038	0.0038
		Highest	0.9495	0.9495

2.2 Overall Operational

Unmitigated Operational

CO2e		0.4482	1.7235	14.4899	0.5431	0.0887	17,2934
N2O		1.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.0000	5.0000e- 005	9.0000e- 005
CH4	lyr	2.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005	7.2000e- 004	0-0130	2.1200e- 003	0.0159
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.4453	1.7133	14.4720	0.2192	0.0207	16.8705
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.4453	1.7133	14.4720	0.0000	0.0000	16.6306
Bio- CO2		0.0000	0 0000	0.0000	0.2192	0.0207	0.2399
PM2.5 Total		7.0000e- 005	1.2000e- 004	2.9200e- 003	0.0000	0.0000	3.1100e- 003
Exhaust PM2.5		7.0000 0 -	1.2000e- 004	2.1000e- 004	0.0000	0.000.0	4.0000 c - 004
Fugitive PM2.5				2.7100e- 003			2.7100e- 003
PM10 Total		7.0000e- 005	1.2000e- 004	0.0103	0 0000	0-0000	0.0105
Exhaust PM10	s/yr	7.0000e- 005	1 2000e- 004	2.2000e- 004	0.000	0.0000	4.1000e- 004
Fugitive PM10	tons/y			0.0101			0.0101
so2		0.0000	1.0000e- 005	1.6000e- 004			1.7000e- 004
8		7.6200e- 003	6.3000e- 004	0.0470			0.0552
NOX		4.6000e- 004	1 4800e- 003	0.0346			0.0365
ROG		8.9900e- 003	1.7000e- 1.4800e- 6.3000e- 1.0000e- 004 003 004 005	4.2700e- 003			0.0134
	Category		:	i.	Waste	Water	Total

1

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2.2 Overall Operational Mitigated Operational

28	100	182	1.7235	668	131	887	934	CO2e	0.00
C02e		0.4482	1.72	14.4899	0.5431	0.0887	17.2934	NZO	0.00
N2O		1,0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.0000	5.0000e- -005	9.0000e- 005		-
CH4	٨٢	2.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005	7.2000e- 004	0.0130	2.1200e- 003	0.0159	02 CH4	0.00
otal CO2	MT/yr	0.4453	1.7133	14.4720	0.2192	0.0207	16.8705	NBio-CO2 Total CO2	0.00
PM2.5 Total Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.4453	1.7133	14.4720	0.0000	0000 0	16.6306		0.00
CO2 NB		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.2192 0	0.0207 0	0.2399	Bio- CO2	0.00
al Bio-		0:0 ••••••	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0		PM2.5 Total	0.00
PM2.5 Tot		7.0000e- 005	1.2000e- 004	2.9200e- 003	0.0000	0.0000	3.1100e- 003	1000	⊢
Exhaust I PM2.5		7.0000e- 005	1.2000e- 004	2.1000e- 004	0 0000	0.0000	4.0000e- 004	6 Exhaust 5 PM2.5	0.0
Fugitive PM2.5				2.7100e- 2 003			2.7100e- 4 003	Fugitive PM2.5	0.00
				ŀ				PM10 Total	0.00
PM10 Total		7.0000e- 005	1.2000e- 004	0.0103	0.0000	0.0000	0.0105	Exhaust PM10	0.00
Exhaust PM10	lyr	7.0000e- 005	1.2000e- 004	2.2000e- 004	0.0000	0.0000	4.1000e- 004	_	00.
Fugitive PM10	tons/yr		h	0.0101			0.0101	Fugitive PM10	0.0
SO2 F		0.0000	1.0000e- 005	1.6000e- 1 004			1.7000e- (004	so2	0.00
		0. 0	-00 	1.60		 		8	0.00
8		7.6200 e- 003	6.3000e- 004	0.0470			0.0552	NOX	0.00
NOX		4.6000e- 004	1.4800e- 003	0.0346			0.0365	ž	0
ROG		8.9900e- 4.6000e- 003 004	1.7000e- 1.4800e- 004 003	4.2700e- 003			0.0134	ROG	0.00
	Category		*****	*****	Waste	Water	Total		Percent Reduction

3.0 Construction Detail

Construction Phase

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Phase Number	Phase Name	Phase Type	Start Date	End Date	Num Days Week	Num Days Num Days Week	Phase Description
-	Demolition	Demolition	7/1/2017	7/14/2017	Ω.	1 0	
2	Site Preparation	aration	7/1/2017	7/3/2017	Ŷ		
3		Grading	7/1/2017	1/1/2018	2	21	
4	Building Construction	Building Construction	7/1/2017	11/17/2017	2	100	
5	Paving	Paving	7/1/2017	7/7/2017	2	5	
6	Architectural Coating	Architectural Coating	7/1/2017	6/30/2017	2	â	

Acres of Grading (Site Preparation Phase): 0.5

Acres of Grading (Grading Phase): 0

Acres of Paving: 0

Residential Indoor: 3,645; Residential Outdoor: 1,215; Non-Residential Indoor: 0; Non-Residential Outdoor: 0; Striped Parking Area: 0 (Architectural Coating – sqft)

OffRoad Equipment

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Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Type	Amount	Usage Hours	Horse Power	Load Factor
Architectural Coating	Air Compressors		6.00	78	0.48
Paving	Cement and Mortar Mixers	7	6.00	ι σ	0.56
Demolition	Concrete/Industrial Saws		8.00	81	0.73
Grading	Concrete/Industrial Saws		8.00	81	0.73
Building Construction	Cranes		4.00	231	0.29
Building Construction	Forklifts		2 6.00	68	0.20
Site Preparation	Graders		8.00	187	0.41
Paving	Pavers		7.00	130	0.42
Paving		1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7.00	80	0.38
Demolition	Rubber Tired Dozers		1.00	247	0.40
Grading	Rubber Tired Dozers		1.00	247	0.40
Building Construction	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes		2 8.00	26	0.37
Demolition	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes		6.00	26	0.37
Grading	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes		6.00	26	0.37
•	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes		7.00	26	0.37
Site Preparation	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes		8.00	67	0.37

Trips and VMT

Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Worker Trip Count Number	Worker Trip Number	Vendor Trip Number	Hauling Trip Number	Worker Trip Length	Vendor Trip Length	Hauling Trip Length	Worker Vehicle Class	Vendor Vehicle Class	Hauling Vehicle Class
Demolition	4	10.00	00.0	00.0	10.80	7.30		20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	ННDT
Site Preparation	2	5.00	00.0	00.0	10.80	7 30		20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	ННDT
Grading	4	10.00	00 0	0.00	10.80	7.30		20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	ННDT
Building Construction		00 0	0.00	0.00	10.80	7.30	20.00 LD	20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	ННDT
Paving	2	18.00	0.00	0.00	10.80	7.30	20.00	20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	ННDT
Architectural Coating	-	00.00	0.00	00.00	10.80	7.30		20.00 LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	ННDT

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3.1 Mitigation Measures Construction

3.2 Demolition - 2017

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

ROG	XON	co	S02	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5 Total Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2 PM2.5	Bio-CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
					tons/yr						3	MT/yr	lyr		
 6.0500e-	0.0525	0.0525 0.0396 6.0000e- 005	6.0000e- 005		3.6600e- 003	3.6600e- 003		3.4900e- 003	3.4900e- 0 003	0 0000	5.3493	5.3493	3 1 0500e- 003	0.0000	5,3755
 6.0500e- 003	0.0525	0.0396	6.0000e- 005		3.6600e- 003	3.6600e- 003		3.4900e- 003	3.4900e- 3.4900e- 003 003	0.000	5.3493	5.3493	1.0500e- 0. 003	0.000	5.3755

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

CO2e		0.0000	0.0000	0.3763	0.3763
N2O		0.000.0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
CH4	Л	0.0000	0.0000	2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.000.0	0.000.0	0.3759	0.3759
NBio- CO2		0000'0	0.0000	0.3759	0.3759
Bio- CO2		0.000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
PM2.5 Total Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	1916	0.0000	0 0000	1.1000e- 004	1.1000 0- 004
Exhaust PM2.5		0000-0	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	- 1.1000e- 004	- 1.1000e- 004
PM10 Total		0000 0	0.0000	4.0000e- 004	4.0000e- 004
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	0000 0	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Fugitive PM10	ton	0000 0	0.0000	4.0000e- 004	4.0000e- 004
S02		0000 0	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
00		0000 0	0.0000 0.0000	2.4400e- 003	2.4400e- 003
XON		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000		2.4000e- 004	3.300e- 2.4000e- 2.4400e- 004 004 003
ROG		00000	0.0000	3.3000e- 2.4000e- 2.4400e- 004 004 003	3.3000e- 004
	Category	Fauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

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3.2 Demolition - 2017

Mitigated Construction On-Site

-		ю	ю
CO2e		5.3755	5.3755
N2O		0.0000	0.000
CH4	/yr	1.0500e- 0 003	1.0500e- 003
Total CO2	MT/yr	5,3492	5.3492
NBio- CO2		5.3492	5.3492
Bio-CO2		0000	0.0000
PM2.5 Total Bio-CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2		3.4900e- (003	3. 4 900e- 003
Exhaust PM2.5		3.4900e- 003	3. 4900e- 003
Fugitive PM2.5			
PM10 Total		3.6600e- 003	3.6600e- 003
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	3.6600e- 003	3.6600e- 3 003
Fugitive PM10	ton		
S02		6.0000e- 005	6.0000e- 005
8		0.0396	0.0396
NOX		0.0525	0.0525
ROG		6.0500e- 0.0525 003	6.0500e- 003
	Category	Off-Road	Total

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

CO2e	140	0000	0.000	0.3763	0.3763
N2O		0.0000	0.0000	0,0000	0.000
CH4	lyr	0.000	0.000) 2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.0000	0.0000	0.3759	0.3759
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.3759	0.3759
Bio-CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0 0000 0	0.000
PM2.5 Total		0.0000	0.0000	1_1000e- 004	1.1000e- 004
Exhaust PM2.5		0,000	0000 0	0.0000	0.0000
Fugitive PM2.5		0,0000	0.0000	9- 1.1000e- 004	1.1000e- 004
PM10 Total		0000'0	0,0000	4.0000e- 004	4.0000e- 004
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	0.0000	0000 0	0 0000	0.000
Fugitive PM10	ton	0000 0	0.0000	4.0000e- 004	4.0000e- 004
S02		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
co		0.0000	0.0000	2.4400e- 003	2.4400e- 003
NOX		0.0000 0.0000	0.0000 0.0000	2.4000e- 004	3.3000e- 2.4000e- 2.4400e- 004 004 003
ROG		0.0000	00000	3.3000e- 2.4000e- 2.4400e- 004 003	3.3000e- 004
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

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3.3 Site Preparation - 2017

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

CO2e		0.0000	0,4569	0.4569
N20		0 0000	0 0000	0.0000
CH4	íyr	0000 0	t 1.4000e- 004	1.4000e- 0 004
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.0000	0.4534	0.4534
NBio-CO2			0.4534	0.4534
Bio-CO2		0.0000	0000	0.0000
PM2.5 Total Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		3.0000e- 005	- 2.2000e- 0 004	2.5000 0 - 004
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	2.2000 0 - 2 004	2.2000 3 - 2. 004
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000 2.7000e- 3.0000e- 004 005		3.0000e- 005
PM10 Total		2.7000e- 004	- 2.4000e- 004	5.1000e- 004
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	0.0000	2.4000e- 2.4 004	2.4000 c- 004
Fugitive PM10	ton	2.7000e- 004		0.0000 2.7000e- 2.4000e- 004 004
SO2			0.000	0.000
00			4.3000e- 5.2600e- 2.1800e- 004	4.3000e- 5.2600e- 2.1800e- 003
XON			5.2600e- 003	5.2600e- 003
ROG			4.3000e- 004	4.3000e- 004
	Category	Fugitive Dust	Off-Road	Total

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

CO2e	and a second	0.0000	0.000	0.0188	0.0188
N2O		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
CH4	lyr	0.0000	0-0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.0000	0.0000	0.0188	0.0188
NBio- CO2		0.000.0	0,000	0.0188	0.0188
Bio-CO2	Part of	0.000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
PM2.5 Total Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000	0.0000	1.0000e- 005	1.0000 e- 005
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000.0	0.000.0	0.000.0	0000-0
Fugitive PM2.5	1000	0,000	0.0000	1.0000e- 005	1.0000e- 0 005
PM10 Total		0.0000	0 0000	2 0000e- 005	2.0000e- 1 005
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	0.0000	0 0000	0.0000	0.0000
Fugitive PM10	ton	0.0000	0.000	2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005
\$02		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
8		0.0000	00000	1.2000e- 004	2.0000e- 1.0000e- 1.2000e- 004 005 005
XON		0.0000	0000.0	1 0000e- 005	1.0000e- 005
ROG		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	2.0000e- 1.0000e- 1.2000e- 005 005 004	2.0000e- 005
- Satisfies	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

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3.3 Site Preparation - 2017 Mitigated Construction On-Site

1	-			
C02e	1.10	0.0000	0.4569	0.4569
N2O		0.0000	0.0000	0.000
CH4	MT/yr	0.0000 0.0000	1 4000e- 0 004	1.4000e- 004
Total CO2	τw	0.0000	0.4534	0.4534
NBio- CO2		0.0000	0.4534	0.4534
Bio-CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
PM2:5 Total Bio-CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2		3.0000e- 1 (005	2.2000e- 004	2.5000e- 004
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	2.2000e- 004	2.2000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000 2.7000e- 3.0000e- 004 005		5.1000e- 004 005 004 005
PM10 Total		2.7000e- 004	2.4000e- 004	5.1000e- 004
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	00000	4000e- 004	2.4000e- 5. 004
Fugitive PM10	ton	2.7000e- 004		0.0000 2.7000e- 2. 004
SO2			0.0000	0.000
co			2,1800e- 003	2.1800e- 003
XON			4.3000e- 5.2600e- 2.1800e- 004 003 003	4.3000e- 5.2600e- 2.1800e- 004 003 003
ROG			4.3000e- 004	4.3000e- 004
	Category	Fugitive Dust	Off-Road	Total

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

1.000	1000	8	7 - 8		
CO2e		0.0000	0.0000	0.0188	0.0188
N2O		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
CH4	/уг	0.000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.0000	0.0000	0.0188	0.0188
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.0188	0.0188
Bio-CO2		0.000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Exhaust PM2.5 Total Bio-CO2 PM2.5		0.000	0.0000	1.0000e- 005	1.0000e- 005
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Fugitive PM2.5		0.000	0.0000	1.0000e- 005	1.0000e- 005
PM10 Total		0.000	0.0000	0 2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0.0000
Fugitive PM10	ton	0.0000	0.0000	2.0000e- 005	0.0000 2.0000e-
SO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
8		00000	0.0000	1.2000e- 004	1.2000e- 004
NOX		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	2.0000e- 1.0000e- 1.2000e- 005 005 004	1.0000e- 1.2000e- 005 004
ROG		0.0000	0.0000	2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 1 005
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

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3.4 Grading - 2017

nitigated Construction On-Site	Inmitigated Construction On-Site	
nitigated Construction	Inmitigated Construction	On-Site
nitigated C	Inmitigated C	onstruction
	u	nitigated C

CO2e		0,0000	69.8821	69.8821
N2O			0 0000 0	0.000.0
CH4	lyr	0.0000	0.0137	0.0137
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	69.5402	69.5402
NBio- CO2		0.000.0	0.0000 69.5402	69.5402
Bio-CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.000
PM2.5 Total Bio-CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2			0.0454	0.0725
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000	0.0454	0.0454
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0271 0.0000		0.0271
PM10 Total		0.0493	0.0476	6960.0
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	0.0000	0.0476	0.0476
Fugitive PM10	ton	0.0493		0.0493
\$02			17.8000e- 004	7.8000e- 004
8			0.5147	0.5147
XON			0.6824 (0.0787 0.6824 0.5147 7.8000e- 004
ROG			0.0787	0.0787
	Category	Fugitive Dust	Off-Road	Total

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

ш.	ROG	XON	8	so2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total Bio-CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2	Bio-CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
					tons/yr	síyr				1.1.1			MT/yr	1		
o IIII	0000	0.0000	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0,0000	0000 0	0000 0	0.0000	0.0000
0	0000 0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0,0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
43	3400e- 003	4.3400e- 3.1700e- 003 003	0.0317	5.0000e- 005	1800e- 003	4.0000e- 005	4.0000e- 5.2200e- 005 003	1.3800	005 005	1.4200e- 003	0.0000	4.8860	4.8860	2.2000e- 0 004	0.0000	4.8915
4.4	3400e- 003	4.3400e- 3.1700e- 003 003	0.0317	5.0000e- 005	5.1800e- 003	- 4.0000e-	5.2200e- 003	1.3800e- 4. 003	4.0000e- 005	1.4200e- 003	0.0000	4.8860	4.8860	2.2000e- 004	0.000	4.8915

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3.4 Grading - 2017 Mitigated Construction On-Site

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

-		-	_		
CO2e		0000 0	0.0000	4 8915	4.8915
NZO		0.000	0.000	0.0000	0.000
CH4	уг	0000 0	0000 0	2.2000e- 004	2.2000e- 004
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.0000	0.000.0	4.8860	4.8860
NBio- CO2		0.000.0	0.000.0	4.8860	4.8860
Bio-CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
PM2.5 Total Bio-CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2 PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	1.4200e- 003	1.4200 e- 003
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	4.0000e- 005	0000e- 005
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000	0,0000	3800e- 003	1.3800e- 4.1 003
PM10 Total		0.0000	0 0000	5.2200 003	5.2200 c- 003
Exhaust PM10	s/yr	0.0000	0.0000		4.0000e- 005
Fugitive PM10	tons/yr	0.000	0.000	i.1800∈ 003	5.1800e- 003
\$02		0.000	0.0000	0.0317 5.0000e- 5 005	0.0317 5.0000e- 1
8		0.0000	0.0000	0.0317	0.0317
XON		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	4.3400e- 3.1700e- 003 003	4.3400e- 3.1700e- 003 003
ROG		0.0000	0.0000	4.3400e- 003	4.3400e- 003
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

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3.4 Grading - 2018

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

0.5330	0.0000	1.0000e- 004	0.5304	0.5304	0.0000	0.0274	3.0000e- 004	0.0271	0.0496	3.1000e- 0 004	0.0493	1.0000e- 005	3.8900e- 003	5.3000e- 4.7100e- 3.8900e- 1.0000e- 004 003 003 005	5.3000e- 004	Total
0.5330	0,0000	1.0000e- 0 004	0.5304	0.5304	0.000(3.0000e- 004	3 0000∋- 1 3. 004		3.1000e- 3.1000e- 004 004	3.1000e- 004		1.0000e- 005	3.8900e- 003	5.3000e- 4.7100e- 3.8900e- 1.0000e- 004 003 003 003 005	5.3000e- 004	Off-Road
0.000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000 0.0000	0.000	0,0271	0.0000 0.0493 0.0271 0.0000 0.0271	0.0271	0.0493	0.0000	0.0493					Fugitive Dust
	- Julie	MT/yr	τM							tons/yr	ton					Category
CO2e	N20	CH4	Total CO2	NBio- CO2	Bio-CO2	PM2.5 PM2.5 Total Bio-CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2 PM2.5	a contract of the second	Fugitive PM2.5	PM10 Total	Exhaust PM10	Fugitive PM10	\$02	со	XON	ROG	

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	XON	8	\$02	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio-CO2	Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
					tons/yr	s/yr							MT/yr	lyr		
	0.000.0	0.0000	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	Ci000.0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1	0.0000	0000 0	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0,0000	0.0000	0.000	C-000"0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	1.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 2.0000e- 2.1000e- 005 005 004	0.0000	4.0000e- 005	0 0000	4.0000e- 005	e- 1.0000e- 005	C000'0	1.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.0364	0.0364	0.0000	0.0000	0.0364
۳ ۳	1.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005	3.000e- 2.0000e- 2.1000e- 005 005 004	0.000	4.0000e- 005	0.000	4.0000e- 005	1.0000e- 005	0.000.0	1.0000e- 005	0.000	0.0364	0.0364	0.000	0.000	0.0364

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3.4 Grading - 2018

Mitigated Construction On-Site

CO2e		0.0000	0.5330	0.5330
N2O		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
CH4	'yr	0.0000	1 0000e- 0. 004	1.0000e- 0 004
Total CO2	MT/yr	0,0000	0.5304	0.5304
NBio- CO2		0.000.0	0.5304	0.5304
Bio-CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.000
PM2.5 Total Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0271	- 3.0000e- 004	0.0274
Exhaust PM2.5		0'0000	3.0000e-	3.0000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0271 0.0000		0.0271
PM10 Total		0.0493	3.1000e- 004	0.0496
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	0.0000	3_1000e- 3.1 004	3.1000e- 0 004
Fugitive PM10	ton	0.0493		0.0493
S02			1.0000e- 005	1.0000e- 005
co			5.3000e- 4.7100e- 3.8900e- 004 003 003	5.3000e- 4.7100e- 3.8900e- 1.0000e- 003 005
NOX			4.7100e- 003	4.7100e- 003
ROG			5.3000e- 004	5.3000e- 004
	Category	Fugitive Dust	Off-Road	Total

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

CO2e	SE S	0.0000	0.0000	0.0364	0.0364
NZO C		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000 0.	0.0000 0.
2 CH4	MT/yr	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total CO2	2	0.0000	0.0000	0.0364	0.0364
NBio- CO2		0.000	0.0000	0.0364	0.0364
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
PM2.5 Total		0.0000	0.0000	1.0000e- 005	1.0000e- 005
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000.0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	- 1 0000e- 005	1.0000e- 005
PM10 Total		0.0000	0.0000	4.0000e- 005	4.0000e- 005
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Fugitive PM10	ton	0.0000		4.0000e- 005	4.0000e- 005
S02		0.000.0	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
8		0.000.0	0.0000	2.1000e- 004	2.1000e- 004
XON		0.0000 0.0000	0.0000 0.0000	3.0000e- 2.0000e- 2.1000e- 005 005 004	3.0000e- 2.0000e- 2.1000e- 0.0000 005 005 005
ROG		0.0000	0.0000	3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

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3.5 Building Construction - 2017 Unmitigated Construction On-Site

CO2e		53.2902	53.2902
N20		0 0000	0.0000
CH4	Ч	0.0162	0.0162
Total CO2	MT/yr	52,8851	52.8851
NBio- CO2		52.8851	52.8851
Bio- CO2		0.0000	0.000.0
PM2.5 PM2.5 Total Bio-CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2 PM2.5		0.0395	0.0395
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0395	0.0395
Fugitive PM2.5			
PM10 Total		0.0430	0.0430
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	0.0430	0.0430
Fugitive PM10			
SO2		5.7000e- 004	5.7000e- 004
8		0.4035	0.4035
XON		0.6380 0.4035 5.7000e- 004	0.6380 0.4035 5.7000e- 004
ROG		0.0641	0.0641
	Category	Off-Road	Total

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

26	4	00	8	00	00
C02e	1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
N2O		0.0000	0.000	0.000	0.000
CH4	Луг	0.0000	0.000	0.0000	0.000
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
NBio- CO2		0.000.0	0.000.0	0.0000	0.0000
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	A MA	0.0000	0 0000	0.0000	0.0000
PM2.5 Total		0.0000	0,0000	0.0000	0.0000
Exhaust PM2.5		0.000.0	Ci000-0	. COOD.0	0.000.0
Fugitive PM2.5		0.000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
PM10 Total		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Exhaust PM10	s/yr	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000.0
Fugitive PM10	tons/yr	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
S02		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
8		0.0000 0.0000 0.00000 0.00000	0.0000	0.0000 0.0000	0.0000 0.0000
XON		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
ROG		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

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3.5 Building Construction - 2017 Mitigated Construction On-Site

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_		-	
CO2e		53.2901	0.0000 53.2901
N2O		0.0000 53.2901	0.000
CH4	lyr	0.0162	0.0162
Total CO2	MT/yr	52,8850	52.8850
NBio- CO2		52.8850 52.8850 0.0162	52.8850
Bio- CO2		0,0000	0.0000
Exhaust PM2.5 Total Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2 PM2.5		0.0395	0.0395
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0395	0.0395
Fugitive PM2.5			
PM10 Total		0.0430	0.0430
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	0.0430	0.0430
Fugitive PM10			
S02		0.0641 0.6380 0.4035 5.7000e- 004	5.7000e- 004
CO		0.4035	0.4035 5.7000e- 004
NOX		0.6380	0.6380
ROG		0.0641	0.0641
	Category	Off-Road	Total

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

N20 CO2e		0.0000	0.0000 0.0000	0.0000 0.0000	0.0000 0.0000
CH4	Ŀ	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Bio-CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Exhaust PM2.5 Total Bio- CO2 PM2.5		0.0000	0 0000	0.0000	0.000
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
PM10 Totał		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Fugitive PM10	ton	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
S02		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
8		0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
XON		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
ROG		0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0.000
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

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3.6 Paving - 2017 Unmitigated Construction On-Site

CO2e		2.4781	0.0000	2.4781
N2O		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
CH4	Ч	6.8000e- 004	0,0000	6.8000e- 0. 004
Total CO2	MT/yr	2.4610 6.8000e- 004	0.0000	2.4610
NBio- CO2		2.4610	0,0000	2.4610
Bio-CO2		0.0000	0 0000	0.0000
PM2.5 Total Bio-CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2		1.4100e- 003	0,0000	1.4100e- 003
Exhaust PM2.5			0.000	1.4100e- 003
Fugitive PM2.5				
PM10 Total			0.0000	1.5200e- 003
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	1.5200e- 003	0 0000	1.5200e- 003
Fugitive PM10	ton			
S02		3.0000e- 005		3.0000e- 005
S		0.0184		0.0184 3.0000e- 005
XON		0.0249		0.0249
BOR		2.6300e- 0.0249 0.0184 3.0000e- 003 005	0.0000	2.6300e- 003
	Category	[Paving	Total

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

CO2e		00000	00000	0.3386	0.3386
N2O		0.0000	0000 0	0 0000	0.000
CH4	lyr	0.0000	0.0000	3 2.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 005
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.0000	0.0000	0.3383	0.3383
NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0 0000 0	0.0000	0.3383	0.3383
Bio- CO2		0.0000	00000	0.0000	0.000
Exhaust PM2.5 Total Bio- CO2 PM2.5		0.0000	0,0000	1.0000e- 004	1.0000e- 004
Exhaust PM2.5		0000010	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Fugitive PM2.5		0,0000	0.0000	1.0000e- 004	1.0000e- 004
PM10 Total		0.0000	0.0000	3.6000e- 004	3.6000e- 004
Exhaust PM10	síyr	0,0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Fugitive PM10	tons/yr	0000°C	0000.0	3.6000e- 004	3.6000e- 004
so2		0.0000	0.000.0	0.0000	0.0000
8		0.000	0.0000	2.2000e- 003	2.2000e- 003
XON		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	2.2000e- 304	3.0000e- 2.2000e- 2.2000e- 003 004
ROG		0.0000	0 0000	3.0000e- 2.2000e- 2.2000e- 004 003	3.0000e- 004
Null - Ind	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

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3.6 Paving - 2017

Mitigated Construction On-Site

_				
CO2e		2.4781	0.0000	2.4781
N2O		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
CH4	yr	6.8000e- 004	0.0000	6.8000e- 0 004
Total CO2	MT/yr	2.4610	0.0000	2.4610
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000 2,4610 2,4610 6.8000e- 004	0.0000	2.4610
Bio- CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
PM2.5 Total		1,4100e- 1,4100e- 003 003	0.0000	- 1.4100e- 003
Exhaust PM2.5		1.4100e- 003	0.0000	1.4100e- 003
Fugitive PM2,5				
PM10 Total			0.0000	1.5200e- 003
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	1.5200e- 003	0.0000	1.5200e- 003
Fugitive PM10	ton			
\$02		3.0000e- 005		0.0184 3.0000e- 005
со		0.0184		
NOX		2.6300e- 0.0249 0.0184 3.0000e- 003 005		0.0249
ROG		2.6300e- 003	0.0000	2.6300e- 003
	Category	Off-Road	Paving	Total

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	XON	8	\$02	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	Bio-CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					tons/yr	siyr							MT/yr	λ		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.000 0.0000	0000-0	0.0000	00000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	00000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	00000	0000 0	0.0000	00000	0000 0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0 0000 0
Worker	3.0000e- 004	3 0000e- 2.2000e- 2 2000e- 004 004 003	2.2000e- 003	0.0000	3.6000e- 004	0 0000	3.6000e- 004	1.0000e- 004	0.0000	1.0000e- 004	0.0000	0.3383	0.3383	2.0000e- 005	0,0000	0.3386
Total	3.0000e- 004	3.0000e- 2.2000e- 2.2000e- 004 004 003	2.2000e- 003	0.000	3.6000e- 004	0.000	3.6000e- 1.0 004	1.0000e- 004	0.0000	1.0000e- 004	0.0000	0.3383	0.3383	2.0000e- 005	0.000	0.3386

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3.7 Architectural Coating - 2017 Unmitigated Construction On-Site

CO2e		R	0.0000	0.000
N20	Series and	0000'0	000C 0	0.0000
CH4	yr	0.000.0	0.0000	0.000
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.000.0	0.0000	0.0000
NBio- CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Bio- CO2		0.0000	0,0000	0.0000
Exhaust PM2.5 Total Bio-CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2 PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
PM10 Total		0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Exhaust PM10	s/yr	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Fugitive PM10	tons/yr		0.0000	0.000
SO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.000
8		0.0000	0 0000 0	0.000
ŇON	T T	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000
ROG		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Category	Archit. Coating 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	Off-Road	Total

Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

CO2e		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
NZO	ALC: N	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0000'0
CH4	lyr	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
NBio- CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Bio-CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
PM2.5 PM2.5 Total Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2 PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	0 0000	0.0000
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000	0 0000	0 0000	0.0000
PM10 Total		0.000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Exhaust PM10	s/yr	0.000.0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Fugitive PM10	tons/yr	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
SO2		0000.0 0000.0 0000.0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
8		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
XON		0000.0	0.0000.0	0000 0 0000.0 00000	0.0000 0.0000
ROG		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	V/orker	Total

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3.7 Architectural Coating - 2017 Mitigated Construction On-Site

	1		4	
N2O		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
CH4	Луг	0 0000	0.0000	0.000
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
NBio- CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Bio-CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
PM2.5 Total Bio-CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2 PM2.5	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	00000	0.0000	0.0000
Exhaust PM2.5		0000010	0.0000	0.000
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000	0,0000	0.000
PM10 Total		0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	0000"0	0 0000	0.000
Fugitive PM10	ton	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
\$02		0,0000	0 0000	0.000
8		00000	0.0000	00000
NOX		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000
ROG		0,000	0.0000	0.000
	Category	Archit, Coating 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	Off-Road	Total

0.0000

0.0000

0,0000

CO2e

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

CO2e		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
NZO		0.0000	0.0000	0 0000	0.000.0
CH4	/yr	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Total CO2	MT/yr	0000 0	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0,0000	0.000
Bio-CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
PM2.5 Total		0.0000	0.000	0.0000	0.000
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Fugitive PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
PM10 Total		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Fugitive PM10	ton	0.000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
SO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
8		0.0000 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
XON		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000 0.0000
ROG		00000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	Category	Hauling	Vendor	Worker	Total

4.0 Operational Detail - Mobile

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4.1 Mitigation Measures Mobile

	ROG	XON	8	S02	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 PM2.5 Total Bio-CO2 NBio-CO2 Total CO2 PM2.5	Bio-CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
Category					tons/yr	s/yr							MT/yr	/ут	Contraction of the second	
Mitigated	4.2700e- 0.0346 0.0470 1.6000e- 0.004 003	0.0346	0.0470	1.6000e- 004	0.0101	2.2000e 004	0103	2.7100e- 2.1000e- 2.9200e- 003 004 003	2.1000e- 004	2.9200e- 003	0000	14.4720 14.4720 7.2000e- 0.0000 004	14.4720	7 2000e- 004	0000.0	14.4899
Unmitigated	4.2700e- 003	0.0346	0.0470	1.6000e- 004	0.0101	2.2000e- 0.	0.0103	0.0103 2.7100e- 2.1000e- 003 004	2.1000e- 004	- 2.9200e- (003	0000.0	14.4720 1	0 14.4720 7.2000e- 004	7.2000e- 004	0000:-0	14.4899

4.2 Trip Summary Information

	Ave	Average Daily Trip Rate	ate	Unmitigated	Mitigated
Land Use	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday	Annual VMT	Annual VMT
Single Family Housing	9.52	9.91	8.62	26,629	26,629
Total	9.52	9.91	8.62	26,629	26,629

4.3 Trip Type Information

		Miles		- ANA	Trip %			I rtp Purpose %	%
Land Use	H-W or C-W H-S or	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	-C-C H-O or C-NW H-W or C-W H-S or C-C H-O or C-NW	Primary	Diverted	Pass-by
Single Family Housing	10.80	7.30	7.50	38.40	22.60	39.00	86	11	3

4.4 Fleet Mix

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Land Use	LDA	LDT1	LDT2	VDV	LHD1	LHD2	OHM	OHH	OBUS	UBUS	MCY	SBUS	MH
Single Family Housing	0.496227	0.035864	0.170091	0.158035	0.026569	0.170091 0.158035 0.026569 0.006201 0.020975 0.076251 0.001816 0.001427 0.004483 0.001181 0.000880	0.020975	0.076251	0.001816	0.001427	0.004483	0.001181	0.000880
			-	-	-			-	-	-			

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5.0 Energy Detail

Historical Energy Use: N

5.1 Mitigation Measures Energy

CO28		0.000	0.0000	1.7235	1.7235
NZO		0000'0	0.0000	3.0000e- 1 005	3.0000e- 005
CH4	lyr	0.0000	0.0000	3.0000e- 005	3.0000e-
Total CO2	MT/yr	0.0000	0,0000	1.7133	1.7133
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		0.0000	0.0000	1.7133	1.7133
Bio- CO2		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
PM2.5 Total		0.0000	0.0000	1.2000e- 004	1.2000e- 004
Exhaust PM2.5		0.0000	0.0000	1.2000e- 004	1.2000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5		5			
PM10 Total		0.0000	0.0000	1.2000 6- 004	1.2000e- 004
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	0.0000	0.0000	1.2000e- 004	1.2000e- 004
Fugitive PM10	ton				
S02				1.0000e- 005	1.0000e- 005
00				6.3000e- 004	6.3000e- 004
NOX				1 4800e- 003	1.4800e- 003
ROG				1.7000e- 1.4800e- 6.3000e- 1 004 003 004	1.7000e- 004
	Category	Electricity Mitigated			NaturalGas Unmitigated

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5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas

<u>Unmitigated</u>

1000	NaturalGa s Use	ROG	NOX	8	so2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr				1	ton	tons/yr					HILL I		MT/yr	lyr		
Single Family 32105.6 1.7000e- 1.4800e- 6.3000e- 1.0000e- Housing C04 003 004 005	32105.6	1.7000e- C04	1.4800e- 003	6.3000e- 004	1_000e- 005		1 2000e- 1 1.2000e- 004 004	1.2000e- 004		1.2000e- 004	1,2000e- 004	0.0000	1.7133 1.7133		3.0000e- 13.0000e- 005 1 005	3.0000e- 005	1.7235
Total		1.7000e- 004	1.4800e- 003	1.7000e- 1.4800e- 004 005 005 005 005 005	1.0000e- 005		1.2000e- 004	1.2000e- 004		1.2000e- 004	1.2000e- 004	0.0000	1.7133	1.7133	3.0000e- 3.1 005	3.0000e- 005	1.7235

Mitigated

2 CH4 N20 CO2e	MT/yr	3.0000e- 3.0000e- 1.7235 005 005	3.0000e- 3.0000e- 1.7235 005 005
Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2		1.7133 1.7133	1.7133 1.7133
Bio-CO2	10 10 10 10 10	0.0000	0.0000
PM2.5 Total		1.2000e- 004	1.2000e- 004
Exhaust PM2.5		1.2000e- 004	1.2000e- 004
Fugitive PM2.5			
PM10 Total		1.2000e- 004	1.2000e- 004
Exhaust PM10	tons/yr	1.2000e- 004	1.2000e- 004
Fugitive PM10	tor		
\$02		1.0000e- 005	1.0000e- 005
8		1.7300e- 1.4800e- 6.3000e- 1.0000e- 004 003 0.04 005	1.7000e- 1.4800e- 6.3000e- 1.0000e- 004 003 004 005
XON		1.4800e- 003	1.4800e- 003
ROG		1.7 [.] 006- 004	1.7000e- 004
NaturalGa s Use	kBTU/yr	32105.6	
	Land Use	Single Family Housing	Total

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5.3 Energy by Land Use - Electricity Unmitigated

	Electricity Use	Electricity Total CO2 Use	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kWh/yr		IM	MT/yr	s not-
Single Family Housing	9417.15	9417.15 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total		0.000	0.0000	0.000	0.0000

Mitigated

I and I too		Total CO2	CH4	NZO	CO2e
	ikanaa		IN I		
Single Family Housing	9417.15	9417.15 0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total		0.000	0.000	0.0000	0.000

6.0 Area Detail

6.1 Mitigation Measures Area

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	ROG	XON	8	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	Bio-CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	tons/yr	C. North						ΤM	MT/yr		
Mitigated	8.9900e- 003	4.6000e- 004	8.9900e- 4.6000e- 7.6200e- 0.0000 003 004 003	0 0000		7.0000e- 005	7.0000e- 005		7.0000e- 005		0,000	0.4453	0.4453	0.4453 1 2.0000e- 1.0000e- 005 005	1.0000e- 005	0.4482
Unmitigated	8.9900e- 003	4.6000e- 004	8.9900e- 4.6000e- 7.6200e- 003 004 003	0.0000		7.0000e- 005	7.0000e- 005		7.0000e- 005	7.0000e- 005	0.0000 0.4453	0.4453	0.4453	2.0000e- 005	1.0000e- 005	0.4482

6.2 Area by SubCategory

<u>Unmitigated</u>

	ROG	XON	8	\$02	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory				14.4	tons/yr	slyr					14.5		MT/yr	yr		
Architectural Coating	1.6900e- 003					0.000.0	0.0000		0000 0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0,0000	0.0000	0.000.0	0.000
Consumer Products	7.0300e- 003					00000 0	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0 0000	0.0000	00000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Hearth	4.0000e- 005	3.7000e- 004	1.6000e- 004	0.0000		3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005	2	3.0000e- 005	3.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.4332	0.4332	1.0000e- 005	1.0000e- 205	0.4358
Landscaping	2.3000e- 9.000e- 7.4600e- 004 005 003	9.C000e- 005	le- 7.4600e- 0. 003	0.0000		4.0000e- 005	4.0000e- 005		4.0000e- 005	4.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.0121	0.0121	1.0000e- 005	0,0000	0.0124
Total	8.9900e- 003	4.6000e- 7.6200e- 004 003	7.6200e- 003	0.0000		7.0000e- 005	7.0000e- 005		7.0000e- 005	7.0000e- 005	0.000	0.4453	0.4453	2.0000e- 1. 005	1.0000e- 0 005	0.4482

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6.2 Area by SubCategory

Mitigated

7.0 Water Detail

7.1 Mitigation Measures Water

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			0.0887
No.	lyr	5.0000e- 005	5.0000e- 005
8	IM	2.1200 6- 003	2.1200e- 003
		0.0207	0.0207
	Category	Mitigated	Unmitigated

7.2 Water by Land Use

<u>Unmitigated</u>

	Indeor/Out door Use	door/Out Total CO2 door Use	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	Mgai	150	LW	MT/yr	1 Martin
Single Family Housing	0.065154/	0.0207	2.1200e- 003	5.0000e- 005	0.0887
Total		0.0207	2.1200e- 003	5.0000e- 005	0.0887

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7.2 Water by Land Use

<u>Mitigated</u>

	door Use	door Use	CHA	07N	COZE
Land Use	Mgal		LW	MT/yr	
Single Family Housing	0.065154 / 0.0207 0.0410754	0.0207	2.1200 0 - 003	2.1200e- 5.0000e- 003 005	0.0887
Total		0.0207	2.1200 e- 003	5.0000e- 005	0.0887

8.0 Waste Detail

8.1 Mitigation Measures Waste

Category/Year

02 CH4 N20 CO2e	MTlyr	2 0.0130 0.0000 0.5431	2 0.0130 0.0000 0.5431
Total CO2		Mitigated 0.2192	Unmitigated 0.2192

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8.2 Waste by Land Use

<u>Unmitigated</u>

Disposed	Land Use tons	Single Family 1.08 Housing	Total
_	s		
10(21 0.02		1.08 0.2192	0.2192
t	MT/yr	0.0130	0.0130
NZU	iyr	0.0130 0.0000 0.5431	0.000
0020		0.5431	0.5431

Mitigated

9.0 Operational Offroad

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	Entitiment Type	Number	Hours/Dav	Davs/Year	Horse Power	Load Factor	Fuel Type
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10.0 Stationary Equipment

Fire Pumps and Emergency Generators

ype Munter	Hours/Day	Hours/Year	Horse Power	Load Factor Fuel
------------	-----------	------------	-------------	------------------

Boilers

Boiler Raing	
ber Heat input Bay Heat Input Year	
Equipment Type	

User Defined Equipment

Number of		
Tanalahan and Tanan		

11.0 Vegetation

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RESOLUTION 17-26

A RESOLUTION OF THE TULARE CITY COUNCIL RECOMMENDING ADOPTION OF GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 2017-01

WHEREAS, the Tulare City Council at a regular meeting held on June 20, 2017 considered the request by Jonathan Van Ryn to amend the General Plan to change land use from Community Commercial to Low Density Residential (3.1-7 units/acre); and

WHEREAS, the Tulare City Council determined that the proposed amendment is in the public interest; and,

WHEREAS, the Tulare City Council determined that the proposed amendment is consistent and compatible with the General Plan and implementation programs which may be affected; and,

WHEREAS, the Tulare City Council determined that the proposed amendment impacts have been adequately assessed and been determined not to be detrimental to public, health, safety or welfare; and,

WHEREAS, the Tulare City Council determined that the proposed amendment has been processed in accordance with the applicable provisions of the California Government Code and California Environmental Quality Act of 1970, as amended (CEQA); and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Tulare City Council that General Plan Amendment No. 2017-01 be adopted and will be reflected on the General Plan Land Use Map.

PASSED, APPROVED, AND ADOPTED this 20th day of June 2017.

President of the Council and Ex-Officio Mayor of the City of Tulare

ATTEST:

STATE OF CALIFORNIA) COUNTY OF TULARE) ss. CITY OF TULARE)

I, Joseph Carlini, Interim City Clerk of the City of Tulare, certify the foregoing is the full and true Resolution 17-26 passed and adopted by the Council of the City of Tulare at a regular meeting held on June 20, 2017, by the following vote:

Aye(s)			

Noe(s) ______Abstention(s) ______.

Dated:

JOSEPH CARLINI, INTERIM CITY CLERK

By Roxanne Yoder, Chief Deputy City Clerk

ORDINANCE 17-06

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF TULARE AMENDING THE ZONING MAP OF THE CITY BEING A PART OF THE SECTION 10.04.04 OF SAID CODE ZONE AMENDMENT 719

WHEREAS, the Council of the City of Tulare finds that this application is necessary to achieve the objectives of the Zoning Title prescribed in Section 10.04.02 of the Tulare City Code; and

WHEREAS, the Council of the City of Tulare finds that this zone change is in conformance with the adopted General Plan for the City of Tulare; and

WHEREAS, the Council of the City of Tulare finds that the request will not be detrimental to the public interest, health, safety, convenience or welfare of the City; and,

WHEREAS, the Council of the City of Tulare finds that a Mitigated Negative Declaration has been prepared in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act; and,

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF TULARE AS FOLLOWS, to wit:

SECTION 1: The Zoning Map of the City of Tulare as referred to in Section 10.24.05 of the City Code of the City of Tulare, and as enacted, being made a part of the Zoning title of said Code in Section 10.04.04; thereof, a property portion of said map, being attached hereto, is hereby amended as follows:

REZONING property to change the current C-2 (Office Commercial) to R-1-12.5 (SFR, 12,500 sf lot minimum) on the property located at the northwest corner of Merritt Avenue and Gem Street (APN 170-060-043).

SECTION 2: All ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

SECTION 3: This Ordinance shall be in full force and effect thirty (30) days from and after its passage, adoption and approval.

PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED this _____th day of July, 2017.

President of the council and Ex-Officio Mayor of the City of Tulare

ATTEST:

Chief Deputy City Clerk and Clerk of The Council of the City of Tulare